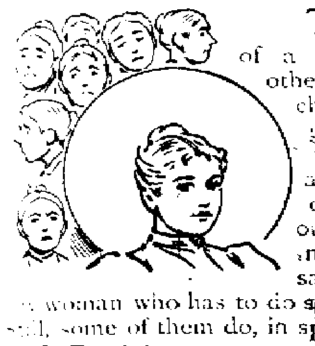
BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE BROTHERS. | ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER. | BANGOR, MAINE, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1897. | Price Three Cents. | VOL. LXIV.--NO. 288.



This is the head of a Pearline woman. "There are others." And if the others don't look cheerful, it's no wonder. You've got to work hard, if you do your washing and cleaning with soap, and you've got to work a long time over it, and you're wearing things out with your rubbing. Pearline makes the work easy and quick; saves rubbing. The wonder is that a woman who has to do soap's hard work can look pleasant. Still, some of them do, in spite of it. 544

Millions NOW USE Pearline

JAMES H. SNOW & CO.,

The People's Popular Grocery Store. | 15 & 17 West Market Sq., BANGOR. | Bangor's Pure Food Mart.

DO YOU EAT CHEESE?

If so you should leave your orders with us. We can please all tastes.

Our full cream Farm Dairy Cheeses are very mild and rich.

We also are cutting some extra fine, very rich N. Y. State Plain and Sage Cheese.

When you make a rare-bit try our Rare-bit Cheese. Your success will be sure.

We also carry a full line of fancy Cheeses, Edam, Roquefort, Neufchatel, Club House, Canadian, Parmasan, Etc.

A Useful Present to all. A handsome pair of Long Reach skates for either boy or man.

Each purchaser of a

SUIT or OVERCOAT,

be it boy or man, entitled to a pair of skates GRATIS.

Despite the glowing advertisements of our competitors about so-called low prices, I will guarantee to sell as low, and in our Boy's Department fully 10 per cent less than you can buy elsewhere.

Money back if you want it.

MEYER M. LEVY,

POPULAR CLOTHIER,

191 EXCHANGE STREET.

HATS never were so cheap.

STYLES Our stock includes the best to be found in the market. Trimmed Hats range from $1.00 upward.

WE CAN PLEASE YOU.

C. W. COFFIN, - 45 Main St., Bangor.

All Nov. Patterns and Publications.
Large Winter Catalogue Mailed Free.

Good Storage for CARRIAGES.

PRICES REASONABLE.

WHITON'S - CARRIAGE - REPOSITORY,

60 TO 66 HARLOW STREET, BANGOR.

Bangor, Maine, Nov. 22, 1897.

Citizens of Old Town, Orono, and other points on the B. O. and O. Railroad:

We wish to call the attention of our customers in these places, and those whom we wish to join them, to the fact that when you are visiting the "Queen City" in search of Fancy Groceries, you cannot find a more desirable place to get them than at our store. While you are waiting for a car, step into our store and examine our goods. We have the best quality and we are sure we can satisfy you.

We are aware that "College" boys are very fond of a "Welsh Rarebit." Did you know we were headquarters for cheese for that purpose?

Now, as the cars go by our store, it will be very convenient for you to buy your Fancy Groceries at No. 20 Central Street.

THOMPSON & KELLOGG,
Leading Grocers of Eastern Maine.

Telephone 6-2.

FOUND OUT

That one looking for

WEDDING PRESENTS

can see a better variety in our store than found in many stores of the larger cities and at A MUCH LESS PRICE.

A fine display of

RICH CUT GLASS AND STERLING SILVER

can not be found outside of Bryant's in any city of Maine

New goods especially for the November weddings.

ST. LOUIS HAS A FIRE.

A Blaze which Called for Great Work in Fighting.

Employes in the Burning Buildings Stampeded and Narrowly Escaped.

The Fire Became a Roaring Furnace Soon After Being Discovered.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 1. At 3 35 P. M. fire broke out in the five story building of the F. O. Sawyer Paper Co., southwest corner of Third and Locust streets. The flames leaped across the street to the three story building on the southeast corner occupied by the Brown & Clark Paper Co., and other firms.

On the upper floors of this building over a score of girls were employed and they had barely time to escape.

Most all of the block of buildings were in flames before 4 o'clock. Every engine in the down town district was fighting the fire with others coming every minute.

On both sides of this street, from Olive to Locust, are ink and paper houses, and job printing establishments. On the north side of Locust street is the four story building occupied by the C. P. Curran Railroad Printing Co., employing several hundred men and girls.

The flames jumped across to the Curran building and soon the entire Locust street front was on fire. There was a stampede among the employes on the top floor, but all got out without injury as far as could be learned.

The Sawyer Paper Co. employed 500 girls. These were scattered all over the neighborhood by the time the engines arrived. Many were in hysterics.

The buildings occupied by the Accident Insurance Co., the Fidelity Casualty Co. and the Woodward Tiernan Printing Co. were among those which caught fire.

At 4 45 P. M. the firemen had the flames under control. The loss will be heavy. As far as known there were no casualties.

A Later Dispatch.

St. Louis, Dec. 1. The general loss is estimated at over $100,000.

The Sawyer factory contained inflammable material and soon after the fire started it was a roaring furnace.

At 4 30 the walls of the paper factory fell, crushing in the McKenney Co. plant. The fire will continue to burn all night.

TORN TO PIECES.

A Boy Sneaked Into Mill at Winslow and Was Caught in Machinery.

Waterville, Me., Dec. 1. A horrible and fatal accident occurred at the Hollingsworth-Whitney Company's paper and pulp mills of Winslow at 5 o'clock this afternoon, whereby Owen Green, son of Charles Green, an employe of the Hollingsworth-Whitney Company, was caught in the machinery of one of the drying machines and literally torn to pieces before help reached him.

The boy had sneaked into the mill unknown to the watchmen, no visitors being permitted within these buildings.

The lad had been in the habit of making a little pocket money by supplying papers to the employes in the mill and today he played truant and went there earlier than usual with his papers to satisfy his curiosity as to the working of the machines. His presence in the mill was unknown to the operatives until one them caught sight of his form being drawn into a dryer. The machinery was quickly stopped, but not until the lad's body had been drawn over four dryers.

The Stock Market.

New York, Dec. 1. With only insignificant interruptions prices tended steadily upward all day on the stock exchange, closing at about the highest with a very buoyant tone. Net gains exceed a point in nearly all active stocks. The advances at the opening were trivial and trading was not very active, but as the day advanced the scope of the speculation broadened and assumed a more aggressive and confident tone. The strength of the market developed first in sugar and spread gradually through the market, separate stocks being advanced sharply one after the other before the market took up the movement, Missouri Pacific, American Tobacco, Michigan Central, Illinois Central and Cotton Oil pfd. were among the earliest affected in the order named.

Later the coalers developed strength and it was not until the closing hour that the grangers and the market generally responded in any marked degree. Some of the stocks which developed most activity and strength yesterday were somewhat neglected today while the rest of the market rose to a proportional level. The bear element did not yield without a struggle and was not driven to cover till late in the day when the scramble of the shorts materially aided the rise. There was no news of importance during the day, the bullish sentiment of the exchange being rather a crystalizing of several day impressions.

Suicide of Dr. T. E. Russell.

Boston, Dec. 1. Dr. T. E. Russell, of Cambridge, who was connected with a medical institute in this city, committed suicide in his office in Tremont Temple building this afternoon by shooting himself through the heart. He died instantly. He was about 30 years of age.

Dr. Russell's mother, who lives in Fall River, called on him this noon and took lunch with him. Soon after she departed the doctor went into his office and fired the shot that brought death.

Some family trouble is at the bottom of the shooting and while this trouble was known to his associates in the office, they did not expect such an outcome. It was stated by some that he formerly was married to a young woman who came from New Bedford. He had been separated from her for some time.

Hard Work in Getting Luetgert Jury.

Chicago, Dec. 1. The examination of talesmen in the Luetgert case today was marked by many conflicts between the attorneys.

Attorney Harmon in catheching talesmen took frequent occasion to attack the reliability of police testimony. After several veniremen were passed for further questioning by one side or the other, John W. Phillip was tendered by the prosecution as a juryman and accepted by the defence. Seven jurors remain to be chosen.

Nothing in the Report.

New York, Dec. 1. According to the best information obtainable here there is nothing in the report that Charles E. Winter, formerly president of the Northern Pacific Railroad Co., will succeed Mr. Clark as president of the Union Pacific.

It is generally believed here that Marvin Hughitt, president of the Chicago & Northwestern, will be made chairman of the board of directors of the Union Pacific and thus the real head of the company.

Senator Hanna Worse.

Cleveland, Dec. 1. Senator Hanna's physician announced today that the Senator is worse. He is suffering from severe headaches and will have to delay his proposed trip to Washington for ten days.

Henry George Gets Marriage License.

Chicago, Dec. 1. A marriage license was issued today to Henry George, son of the late Henry George, of New York, to marry Marie M. Hitch, of this city.

GOVERNMENT ARMOR PLANT.

Naval Board Reports to Sec'y Long, Treating Every Detail.

Washington, Dec. 1. The naval board appointed by authority of Congress to ascertain the cost of an armor plant made its report through Commodore Howell to Sec'y Long today.

The report makes a voluminous document, treating with every detail of armor making essential to a correct apprehension of the cost of a plant and the product. It is also accompanied by elaborate plans for the plant which have been verified by expert Fritz. The cost of a plant suitable for the making of naval armor at the rate of about 6,000 tons per annum, which is fully equal to the capacity of both of the existing private plants, is set down as about three and three-quarters millions dollars.

No recommendation is made as to the location of the plant but the board has accumulated much information as to the merits of the various eligible locations which may be had by Congress if called for by it.

Secretary Long will now proceed immediately to take the next step necessary to carry out the wish of Congress, namely, invite proposals by advertisement for building such a plant as that designed for the use of the government. It was at first the intention of the secretary to withhold the report from Congress until he should be able to include this information in it, but he has now determined to send in the report as soon as Congress assembles and meanwhile put out the advertisements and notify Congress of their results later.

THE VAN SCHACK CASE.

Verdict of $65,000 Set Aside But Two Suits For the Sum are Entered.

New York, Dec. 1. Upon the application of a lawyer representing Peter Van Schack, the Chicago druggist, Judge Smith, of the Supreme court in Brooklyn, today set aside the verdict of $65,000 recently given his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Florence Van Schack, by a sheriff's jury in the undefended action brought by her against her father-in-law for the alienation of her husband's affections.

The application was made on the ground that the verdict was excessive and that the sheriff had no jurisdiction in the case. Mrs. Van Schack's lawyer consented to the dismissal as he has already instituted two suits in Chicago against the defendant, one for criminal libel and the other for alienation of affections, each for $65,000.

SUSPICION OF FOUL PLAY.

Some 250 Patients in Hospital Poisoned—Fatalities Barely Averted.

Gallipolis, Ohio, Dec. 1. Two hundred and fifty patients at Epileptic hospital were poisoned today. Dr. Rutter and his corps of physicians only by desperate efforts saved them in a critical condition.

The physicians think they were poisoned by some article of food. The bacteriological department is making a rigid analysis of the food cooked during the past few days. Some think a drug was placed in some of the victuals. This suspicion, with the wholesale discharge of employes, has put the institution in the throes of great excitement.

The Public Debt.

Washington, Dec. 1. The December statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business Nov. 30, 1897, the public debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to $1,009,226,466, a decrease since Oct. 30 of $11,338,125.

This decrease is accounted for by an increase in the cash due to the deposits of an installment of the proceeds of the sale of the government's interest in the Union Pacific railroad. But for this transaction the cash in the treasury would have been $771,450 less than last month. The debt is recapitulated as follows:

Interest bearing debt $847,365,620; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, $1,331,280; debt bearing no interest, $381,193,125. Total, $1,229,890,625. This amount, however, does not include $579,920,933 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding which are offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows:

Gold, $194 069,260; silver, $507,656,382; paper, $105,756,181; bond disbursing officers' balances, etc., $38,907,251. Total $846,409,076, against which there are demand liabilities amounting to $625,745 516, leaving the net cash balance $220,663 559.

Justice Field Retires.

Washington, Dec. 1. Justice Field's retirement from the supreme court, of which he gave official notice to the President last April, took place today. The justice was not present in the court room, and as he had not sat with the court on any day since the opening day of the term, the proceedings did not differ from those of ordinary days.

Even the general transfer of the seats of the associate justices which always occurs when the senior associate retires was postponed until Monday next. On that day Justice Harlan who now becomes the senior associate will take the seat vacated by Mr. Field.

Justice Gray will be Chief Justice Fuller's neighbor on the left. All other justices will move up one chair nearer the chief.

If Justice Fuller's term had continued until next Tuesday he would have had forty-four years of continuous service. Under the law he will draw full salary until his death.

Detroit Chamber of Commerce Building Sold.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 1. The Detroit chamber of commerce building was sold under the hammer today in default of payment of interest on the first mortgage held by the New York Life Ins. Co. The purchasers are L. S. Fechsimer, Cincinnati, and Wm. H. and F. Winslow, of Chicago. The price paid was $422,050.

The Winslow brothers, as second mortgage bondholders held a claim against the premises of $95,000 for bonds and interest. The buyers paid in $10,000 cash and will pay in all $55,000 to the New York Life Insurance Co., for interest now due. They also assume payment of the insurance company's mortgage of $375,000 and $7,700 taxes.

Miss Mellish Still Missing.

South Hadley, Mass., Dec. 1. The Mt. Holyoke trustees have increased the reward offered for the discovery of Miss Bertha Lane Mellish, the missing girl, from $50 to $500. Miss Mellish disappeared nearly three weeks ago and no trace of her has been found. It is supposed that she is drowned in the Connecticut river.

Yale and Harvard to Row at New London.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 1. The Yale navy gave out the following statement this afternoon:

"It has been finally decided that Yale will row her annual race with Harvard over the London course next spring."

Maine Polo.

At Lewiston—Bath, 5; Lewiston, 4.
At Gardiner—Gardiner, 7; Rockland, 2.

THE WEATHER.

Clear and Colder To-day.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU.
Washington, Dec. 1, 8 P. M.

Forecast for Maine: Snow Thursday morning, clearing in the afternoon; southwesterly winds, becoming northwesterly; colder in the interior and by Friday morning on the coast.

THE RIOTING CONTINUES.

Desperate Outbreaks at Prague on Wednesday.

Attempts Made to Burn Buildings and Destroy Property Generally.

Conflicts with the Police and Troops and Some Shooting Done.

Prague, Dec. 1. There were fresh disturbances here today. The houses occupied by Germans were bombarded with stones and a howling mob which gathered on Wenzel platz had to be dispersed by infantry and cavalry.

The University buildings are threatened by the rioters and have to be protected by large bodies of police. Troops have been drafted to Judenstadte owing to the mob that threatened to run riot there.

During the afternoon the riots increased. The synagogue windows were smashed as were the windows of the houses of Jews displaying German trade signs in several streets of the Jewish quarter.

Since 6 o'clock this evening the streets have been held by twelve battalions of infantry and a squadron of huzzars. All traffic is suspended and the shops and business houses are closed.

In spite of the military a large Czech mob made a descent during the evening upon the German quarter and plundered houses and shops in several streets.

The furniture of a well known German cafe was piled up in the street and set on fire. When a detachment of troops approached to disperse the rioters, the soldiers were greeted with showers of stones, broken glass and other missiles. The officer in command ordered his troops to prepare to fire, but at the urgent request of a police official the order was not carried into effect.

Shortly after 9 o'clock a mob attempted to storm a cartridge factory at Zizhkow, a suburb of Prague on the other side of the Moldau.

The troops stationed at the factory poured a volley into the crowd. It is known that at least two persons were killed outright and it is feared that others were killed and wounded. The same body of rioters set fire to another house, but the flames were soon quenched. In various other parts of the city and suburbs windows were smashed and German sign boards demolished. It is said that the mob was incited by articles in the Czech newspapers and by a false report that German students had organized an attack upon the Czech national theatre.

At a late hour a threatening crowd made repeated rushes and attempts to storm the German newspaper offices; but by 11 o'clock the town was quiet and the troops had been withdrawn except patrols at the threatened points.

In Smichow, the southwest suburb of Prague, and a thickly populated industrial quarter, at a late hour this evening; the mob attacked and plundered the German national school. The rioters fired shots at the police detachment which arrived on the scene to disperse them, whereupon the commanding officer drew his revolver and fired at one of the ringleaders, the bullet piercing his arm. He then arrested the man and the result of this energetic action was the dispersal of the mob without much further difficulty.

The German gymnasium in the Altstaeder-Ring in the center of the city was plundered by a mob which was finally dispersed by a charge of soldiers and police.

SKIRMISHES IN CUBA.

Spanish Reports of the Fighting—Sick Soldiers Sail for Spain.

Havana, Dec. 1. An announcement was issued from the Spanish headquarters in the palace today, saying that a force of insurgents recently attacked Guira, a town situated 15 miles from Bayamo, in the province of Santiago de Cuba. It was further announced that a Spanish column has left Manzanillo to engage the insurgents at Guisa.

Another announcement describes a movement of Spanish troops under Gen. Bernal, who was accompanied by Senor Jose Canaleja, the former Spanish cabinet minister and special commissioner, who is visiting Cuba to gather material for a report on the condition of the island, in behalf of the Spanish government, and Gen. Hernandez Valasquez.

The Spanish force consisted of 2,300 men, accompanied by two field guns. The column under the personal command of Gen. Bernal engaged an insurgent force, according to the report, on the heights of Romero Madama and Pelados, province of Pinar del Rio, and later was severely engaged with the insurgents at LaCuchilla de Los Caimitos, where the Spaniards are said to have captured and destroyed the fortified camp of the insurgent General DuCassi.

Gen. Hernandez, commanding the second column, the report continues, captured and destroyed an insurgent camp at Aranjuez and also destroyed five hundred huts and several other insurgent camps in the immediate vicinity of Aranjuez. As a result of these movements, continues the statement, the insurgents retreated in a thoroughly demoralized condition, after suffering the loss of many men killed and wounded. The Spanish column lost a major and 12 soldiers killed and had one captain and 29 soldiers wounded.

According to the latest advices from the scene of the engagements the Spanish cavalry was continuing the pursuit of the enemy.

Six hundred sick, wounded or otherwise invalid soldiers have just left for Spain.

The insurgents, according to official reports have lost 54 men killed in skirmishes with the Spanish troops during the last 10 days. In addition, the government forces captured 28 prisoners and a number of firearms. The government troops during the same period lost 24 men killed and had two officers and 53 soldiers wounded.

The insurgents have destroyed with dynamite a culvert on the railroad near Toco Taco, not far from San Criscobal, in the province of Pinar del Rio. Railroad traffic in that vicinity will be delayed until the culvert is temporarily repaired.

The garrison at Guisa is reported to have lost fifty killed and wounded.

GRADE CROSSING DENIED.

W. & Q. R. R. May Build Overhead Crossing at Burnham.

Augusta, Me., Dec. 1. The railroad commissioners today rendered their decision upon the petition of the W. & Q. R. R. for permission to cross the Maine Central Railroad at grade at Burnham. The request is denied but they are allowed to build an overhead crossing that will be 21 feet above the Maine Central railroad track, that will cost about $4,000. The Maine Central railroad will be obliged to lower their grade at the crossing point four feet at a cost of $2,000. Permission was granted for the Wiscasset & Quebec to build a temporary crossing at grade to be used until July 1, 1898.

BIG BUSINESS.

We have a carload of Hughes & Son Pianos coming in a few days, and must dispose of the stock of second-hand upright and square pianos and organs we have exchanged for.

Come and set your own price and make the terms to suit yourself. They must go.

Hughes & Sons' Piano Factory Salesrooms, [illegible]

3 [illegible]

FOREIGN NEWS.

M. Darlin Resigns.

Paris, Dec. 1. M. Darlin, in spite of the requests of his colleagues, has persisted in resigning the portfolio of justice and in consequence the president has now accepted his resignation. M. Meline, the premier, will take the portfolio of minister of justice ad interim.

Bark Breaking Up.

Antwerp, Dec. 1. The Norwegian bark Adele and Sabine, Capt. Vitand, from Brunswick, Ga., for Rotterdam, went ashore at Cocq-Sur-Mer. It is reported that the vessel is breaking up, that her cargo is washing out and that the bodies of four of her crew have been picked up. Part of the crew are thought to have reached shore in safety.

In Bad Condition.

London, Dec. 1. The British ship Larnica from St. John, N. B., for Fleetwood, ashore at the latter port, as before reported, fills every tide. It is imperative to have her cargo salved immediately to prevent a total loss.

Steamer in Critical Condition.

Antwerp, Dec. 1. The British steamer Cyprus, from Boston for here, before reported ashore near Flushing, is in a critical condition. Owing to the heavy sea and the position in which the vessel is lying the laborers on the lighter are prevented from boarding her.

Thirty Men Killed and 45 Injured.

Kaiserslautern, Rhenish Bavaria, Dec. 1. A fire damp explosion has taken place in the Frankerholz coal mine near Homburg. The full number of men killed is 30 and the injured 40.

Officers of Reichstag Re-elected.

Berlin, Dec. 1. The Reichstag today re-elected Baron Von Boul-Bernberg to the presidency of the house and also re-elected the vice president, Herren R. Schmidt and P. Spahn.

The next sitting of the Reichstag will take place on Friday.

Dervishes Retreating.

Cairo, Dec. 1. It is rumored here that the Anglo-Egyptian forces have occupied Metemmeh, on the Nile, the main Dervish position between Berber, the headquarters of the expeditionary force and Omdurman, near Khartoum, the stronghold of the Dervishes. The latter are said to have evacuated Metemmeh, previous to its occupation by the Anglo-Egyptian troops.

Metemmeh is less than 150 miles, as the crow flies, from Omdurman.

Schaefer Won.

New York, Dec. 1. "Wizard" Jacob Schaefer won the fourth game of the billiard tourney this afternoon from Geo. Sutton, the Canadian expert. The score was Schaefer 500; Sutton 452. The wizard's highest run was 61, while Sutton placed his high mark at 38, making more than 30 however on several occasions.

OVERHEATED HOUSES.

Injurious Effects of Breathing Furnace Dried Air.

One of the subjects discussed at the recent meeting of the American Public Health Association in Philadelphia is of particular interest to the users of hot air furnaces, who have started their furnaces for the winter period of continual service. Dr. Henry J. Barnes, of Boston, declared that the air breathed in houses heated by furnaces is kept too dry in cold weather. The hot air system takes all of the moisture out of the air and it passes into the house, making the air unfit to breathe and causes catarrh and other disorders. The assailant of the hot air furnaces magnifies its defects to some extent, as all furnaces are provided with evaporating pans, which hold at least a pail full of water, and, furthermore, the moisture which is taken from the air as it passes through the house has no other means of exit except through the furnace pipes and the registers in the various rooms. But it is nevertheless a fact that the average user of the hot air furnace keeps the atmosphere of his house too dry, through neglect of the evaporating pan, and it is probably true, also, that the evaporating pans are not as efficacious as they ought to be.

The physician mentioned submitted a plan for a humidifier, to be placed over a register on the lower floor of a house. This contrivance is simply a wooden box containing a galvanized iron tank into which strips of cotton felt are suspended from rods. The air from the furnace is made to pass through the suspended strips of felt, from which it takes the moisture necessary to make the air of the house fit to breathe. With one of these humidifiers Dr. Barnes says he was able to obtain a mean of 53 per cent. relative humidity in a mean temperature of 65.3 degrees, through the evaporation of from two quarts to two gallons of water per day. During the period of this test the outside temperature was 32 degrees, with a relative humidity of 73½ per cent. He says that this temperature in the house was comfortable, whereas, without the addition of the moisture afforded by the humidifier, a temperature of from 70 to 71 degrees was necessary. In support of this statement he cites the fact that "out doors in June in medium clothing, with temperature of 65 degrees and normal humidity of 65 to 70 per cent., we are comfortable; in doors in winter, with heavy clothing, we require five degrees more of heat for comfort."

It will be seen that Dr. Barnes' humidifier promotes economy as well as comfort. If a house can be made comfortable by properly humidifying the atmosphere with five degrees less heat than if the air were permitted to become dry, the demands upon the furnace and consequently upon the coal pile will be appreciably less. This is worth something, but the consideration of health is more important. There can be no doubt as to the injurious effects of dry and overheated air upon the human system. The average house is fully five degrees too hot for healthfulness and it is not surprising that there is so much trouble with the respiratory organs during the winter season. The shock to the system on emerging from a house heated to 80 degrees into an atmosphere below zero is great, even with the best of care as to breathing.—Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin.

Old Time Activity.

Extensive preparations for constructing the huge iron ship in the yard of Arthur Sewall & Co. at Bath are well under way, says the Times. The keel blocks have been placed in position and a crew of men will begin laying the keel the latter part of the week.

Hundreds of tons of building material have been placed on the wharf and more is now being removed from the three masted schooner Bessie C. Beach laying at the pier at the foot of the yard. The donkey engine, which runs on the track that encircles the yard and buildings, proves of great assistance in the speedy removal of cargoes. About 600 tons more material is expected shortly.

Improved machinery from the Fitchburg Machine Works has been set up in the machine shop and will be operated by electric motors, which also furnish power the other buildings in the yard.

The model of the new ship will be something similar to the Dirigo, the last vessel built by the firm. The dimensions of the ship are as follows:

Length, 332 feet; breadth, 45½ feet; depth, 25 feet, 6 inches; gross tonnage, 3,001 20; net, 2,855 79.

During the winter season work will be pushed along rapidly on the big ship which, when completed, will be one of the finest specimens of maritime manufacture in the merchant marine.

Capt. James Murphy, who is now on his way to California to join the ship Shenandoah at San Francisco, will probably command the new vessel when she is launched from the Sewall yard another year.

CUESTAS ESCAPED DEATH.

Attempt to Assassinate Acting President of Uruguay.

Bystanders Succeeded in Saving the Life of the Country's Ruler.

Great Excitement Caused in Montevideo, but No Outbreak.

London, Dec. 2. A despatch from Montevideo says that an attempt was made there yesterday to stab Senor Cuestas, President ad interim of Uruguay.

It was unsuccessful, the bystanders warding off the assassin.

The man was formerly a member of the Montevideo police force.

News of the outrage spread rapidly and caused great excitement, but the city is under martial law and there has been no outbreak.

Broken Up by a Spook.

One of the life saving stations on the beach, twenty miles below San Lucia, Fla., is to be abandoned, and it is stated on account of a ghost that walks there, and is not to be laid by any means at the command of the men.

The station is a State institution, and has been maintained there mostly by the people to aid shipwrecked mariners, as it is on a very dangerous part of the coast. Two years ago a vessel was wrecked near there, and only one passenger escaped, that being a very handsome girl of about eighteen.

Will Smith and Henry Johnson, both of the station, aided in her rescue, and both promptly fell in love with her. Last year she married Smith, and in consequence Johnson grew to be surly and morose, and seemed to think that he had been slighted.

Not long after that the young wife was missing one day, and the week afterward her body was found in the sound back of the station, drowned.

Johnson after that became very taciturn and moody, and the men seemed to think that he was almost out of his mind, although no suspicion was attached to him.

A month or so ago stories began to come up of a ghost walking at the station, and shortly after that came the story of how Johnson had killed himself after confessing to the drowning of Mrs. Smith.

Captain Dodd, who tells the story, says others had heard of this spirit wandering around, and he had seen what he thought was a ghost twice on the beach. It appeared to be the indistinct form of a woman floating through the air a few feet above the earth, clasping her hands and weeping.

"I did not tell of it for several days, until I found out that others had seen it as well as myself. Sometimes it came up near the station, and twice I heard wild and unearthly screams at midnight."

By a singular coincidence each time Johnson was out doors. He came in then with blanched face and staring eyes, and rushing to his bunk plunged beneath the clothes and refused to speak to any one.—Exchange.

New Advertisements.

Phenomenal bargains in millinery at "The Fashion." See "ad."

New and fine cheese at J. H. Snow & Co's.

Chafing dish trays at 40 cents at P. H. Vose & Co's.

Meeting of M. M. H. A. C. this evening.

Best of kindling sold by Bacon & Robinson Co.

Double runner pung for sale cheap at Fickett's market.

A large line of new dolls at J. D. Glynn's.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

New York, Dec. 1. Money on call easy at 1½ @2.

Prime Mercantile paper, 3 @3½.

Sterling Exchange — easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.85½ @4.86 for demand and 4.83 @4.83¼ for 60 days.

Posted rates, 4.84 @4. 7.

Commercial bills, 4.82½.

Bar silver, 59¾.

Mexican dollars 46¼.

Government bonds were firm.

State bonds dull.

Railroad bonds strong.

BONDS.

U S new 4s, reg	129	Erie Gen 4s	70¾
do coup	129	Kan Pac consols	89½
United States 4s	112½	Oregon & Nav 1sts	114
do coup	114½	Union Pacific 1sts	102½
Denver & R G 1sts	108	Texas Pac reg 2ds	28¾

STOCKS.

Atchison	12½	Northwestern	123¾
do preferred	28½	do preferred	164½
Central Pacific	11	Ontario & Western	15½
Chesapeake & Ohio	21½	Reading	22¾
Chicago & Alton	161	Rock Island	89½
Chicago, B & Q	96½	St Paul	91½
Del & Hudson	111	do preferred	140½
Del & Lack	154	St Paul & Omaha	79
Denver & R G	11½	do preferred	149
Erie, new	15	St Paul, M & M	122
do preferred	36½	Texas Pacific	11½
Illinois Central	102¾	Union Pacific	24½
Lake Erie & West	16	Wabash, St L & P	7½
Lake Shore	173	do preferred	18¾
Louis & Nash	55½	Boston & Maine	165½
Manhattan "L"	102½	N Y & N E	42
Mexican Central	5½	Old Colony	184
Michigan Central	108	Adams Express	150
Minnesota & St L	26½	American Express	117
do preferred	87	United Express	40
Missouri Pacific	31½	Chicago Gas	94½
N J Central	87	Homestake	38½
N Y Central	117½	Ontario	3½
N. Y. C & St L	13½	Pacific Mail	30
do preferred	73	Pullman Palace	172
Northern Pacific	19½	Sugar	139½
do preferred	56½	Western Union	88¾

New York Produce Market.

New York, Dec. 1, 1897. Flour—rects 12,692 bbls; sales, 3,000 pkgs; state and western, quiet, steady.

Wheat—rects, 262,725 bu; sales, 1,275,000 bu; option No 2 red opened steady, but advanced on covering and stronger late cables. Jan, 97 7-16 @97¾; May, 93½ @94 5-16.

Rye—quiet; No. 2 western, 49½ cif Buffalo.

Corn—Rects, 49,000 bu; sales, 155,000 bu; options opened steady, but rallied on active covering by December shorts; May, 34½ @34¾.

Oats—Rects 21,300 bu; options dull but steady; track white, 27½ @33½.

Beef—quiet.

Pork—quiet.

Lard—quiet.

Butter—rects, 4,754 pkgs; steady; state dairy, 12 @20; state creamery, 14 @22, western do, 14 @23, Elgins, 23; factory, 11½ @14.

Cheese—rects, 5,691 pkgs; quiet; large white Sept, 8¾ @8¾; small white Sept. 9 @¼; large colored Sep, 8¾ @¾; small colored Sept, 9 @¼; large Oct, 7½ @8½; small Oct, 8¼ @¾; light skims, 6 @¼.

Eggs—rects, 5,128 pkgs; steady; state and Pa. 20 @25; western, 23.

Sugar—raw, firm; refined, firm.

Petroleum—quiet.

Coffee—steady; No 8, 6½.

Spirits turpentine—firm.

Molasses—quiet.

Rice—steady.

Freights—steady.

Rosin—steady.

Tallow—easy.

Chicago Produce Market.

Chicago, Dec. 1, 1897. The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat—Dec, 96½; May, 90½ @¾.

Corn—No 2, Dec, 25½; May, 29½ @¾.

Oats—No 2, Dec, 20½; May, 22½.

Mess pork—Dec, 7.12½; Jan, 8.15; May, 8.40.

Lard—Dec, 4 05; Jan, 4.22½; May, 4.40.

Short ribs—Dec, 4.17½; Jan, 4.20; May, 4 32½.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—barely steady.

Wheat—No 2 spring, 90 @½; No 3 spring, 83 @ 91; No 2 red, 96½ @96½.

Corn—No. 2, 26; No 2 yellow, 26½.

Oats—No. 2, 21½ @90; No. 2 white, fob, 23½ @½; No. 3 white fob, 23½ @24.

Rye—No. 2, 45½.

Barley—No. 2 fob, 26 @41.

Flaxseed—No. 1, 104½ @109½.

Timothy seed—prime, 2 65.

Mess pork—per bbl, 7.15 @7.20.

Lard—4.20 @4 22½.

Short ribs—4 10 @4.60; dry salted shoulders, 4½ @5; short clear sides, 4.45 @4.55.

Sugars—unchanged.

	Rects.	Shipts.
Flour	12,000	21,0 0
Wheat	171,000	305,000
Corn	469,000	322,000
Oats	574,000	410,000
Rye	32,000	60,000
Barley	11,000	36,000

Butter—firm; creameries 16 @23; dairies 12 @ 19.

Cheese—quiet; 8 @9½.

Eggs—firm; fresh 20 @23.

ROYAL

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Chafing Dish Trays

have heretofore been made only in medium and high priced goods. We have just got in a lot of nickel plated trays that will answer well for water sets or for serving, or for the chafing dish. They are thirteen inches diameter, round, with embossed pattern. Heavily nickel plated. The price is only

40 cents.

P. H. VOSE & CO.,

59 MAIN STREET.

"Walk in and look around."

Open evenings until Christmas.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

... FAIR ...

Under the auspices of the Ladies' Flora Aid Society, at the vestry of the

Universalist Church,

Thursday and Friday Afternoons and Evenings, Dec. 2d and 3d.

ENTERTAINMENT.

Thursday evening, Dec. 2, at Essex Street Baptist vestry under auspices of Watch Circle of King's Daughters. Talent includes songs by Miss MacQuinn, Miss Carrie White, and Harry Libby; recitations, etc. Refreshments during the evening. Admission, 10c. Doors open at 7. Entertainment at 8 o'clock.

SECOND

Symphony Concert

— BY —

Pullen's Full Orchestra.

Mr. J. C. BARTLETT, of Boston,

Tenor Soloist.

City Hall, Dec. 6th, at 7.45.

Season tickets for $2.50 and $1.50 can be had at Andrews' until Saturday, Dec. 4, at 9 o'clock a. m., when the sale opens for single tickets with reserved seats.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—One undivided sixth of T. 4, R. 3, N. B. K. P., Somerset County. Apply to CHAS. HAMLIN. [illegible]

FOR SALE. House lots on Ohio, Highland, Jackson, Montgomery, Leighton, Fourteenth, Norfolk and Grant streets. M. Lincoln, 44 Exchange St. [illegible]

FOR SALE.

A Double Runner Pung nearly new; will be sold cheap at

FICKETT'S MARKET.



There's Solid Comfort

in a Fur Cape. If you haven't one, you will never know what comfort is until you get one. A Fur Cape will save you many a cold. The cold can't get through fur. All our goods are reliable, and our prices are moderate. We want you to look at our goods even if you don't buy.

LYFORD & WOODWARD,

FURRIERS.

BANGOR, - - MAINE.

WORMS

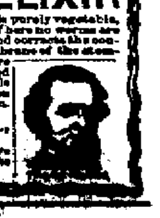
Hundreds of Children and adults have worms but are treated for other diseases. The symptoms are—indigestion, with a variable appetite; foul tongue; offensive breath; hard and full belly, with occasional gripings and pains about the navel; heat and itching sensation in the rectum and about the anus; eyes heavy and dull; itching of the nose; short, dry cough; grinding of the teeth; starting during sleep; slow fever; and often in children, convulsions. The best worm remedy made is

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR

It has been in use 45 yrs., is purely vegetable, harmless and effectual. Where no worms are present it acts as a Tonic and corrects the condition of the mucous membrane of the stomach and bowels. A positive cure for Constipation and Biliousness, and a valuable remedy in all the common complaints of children. Price, at all Druggists.

DR. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.

For Tape worms we have a special treatment. Write for pamphlet.



Hood's

VISITING CARDS

Whig and Courier

BY SOUTELLE BROTHERS.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle Brothers, and communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor of Whig and Courier."

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1897

A Free Fight.

There was a hot time in the old town of Boston Tuesday when the Democrats held caucuses to nominate a Mayor and candidates for the Board of Aldermen. The ball opened in the Mayoralty caucus. The nomination of Quincy was declared carried by acclamation, although there was such an uproar in the hall it was impossible to tell whether or not there was any opposition. The real contest came, however, over the adoption of the platform. Ex Congressman McNary offered a resolution endorsing the Chicago platform and William J. Bryan personally. As the ex-Congressman was unable to secure recognition he jumped upon the stage and wrested the gavel from the hands of the Congressman Fitzgerald who was the presiding officer. Matters were extremely lively for a time; but finally the troublesome resolution was thrown out by parliamentary tactics without being put to a vote.

The party leaders were now in excellent form for the caucus for the selection of candidates for Aldermen. There were seven places to be filled and twelve candidates, each of whom was allowed a representative on the stage. When it came to the count a free fight occurred on the stage in which many of the prominent leaders took part. Tables were overturned and the ballots scattered all over the floor. The police had to be summoned to eject from the hall some of the more turbulent members of the convention, and after a time order was restored. The ballots had been destroyed, however, and it was necessary to allow the delegates to vote over again. All this took so much time that the voting was still in progress at a late hour.

If the convention failed to adopt the resolution endorsing the Chicago platform, one of the principles, at least, was fully exemplified in the free riot it provoked.

Editor Vs. Correspondent.

(Editorial Boston Herald)	(Washington Despatch Herald)
In fact, it is not impossible that it will be as large as the deficit of any previous year since a deficit rather than a surplus appeared in our treasury accounts. We have gained, as we recently pointed out, a tariff bill for the express purpose of making good this deficiency, but although the bill has been in force for a third of a year, since July 24, it has been steadily productive of a loss of income, even when compared with the record established by the Wilson bill.	The present rate of receipts is about $6,000,000 less per month than would put the treasury upon a self supporting basis. This does not indicate the final results of the new tariff law, because a special source of revenue will become available to a large amount early in the spring. This will be the revenue from sugar, which it is estimated will approach, and perhaps exceed, $5,000,000 per month from March to September next. It is not considered at the treasury an unreasonable computation that the improvement in customs receipts upon other classes of articles will afford another sum of $2,000,000 per month, which will raise the treasury to a self supporting basis —

The editorial writer of the Herald should keep himself better informed concerning the operation of the tariff law, and thus avoid a conflict with the news columns of his own paper. It will be seen that the very conditions upon which the editorial writer bases his criticisms of the law, are discounted by the Washington correspondent as not affording any indication of final results, which, he says, "will raise the treasury to a self-supporting basis."

Nothing the Matter with Kansas.

In the recent election in Kansas the Republicans made a clean sweep, having a majority in every Congressional district. Last year the Bryanites carried the State by some thirteen thousand. The reason for this reversal may be found in the report of Secretary Coburn, of the State Board of Agriculture, showing in brief total farm and stock products to the value of one hundred and thirty-six and one-third million dollars—or about $100 to every man, woman and child of the State's population—and live stock to the value of a fraction over ninety-four million dollars, a total of about two hundred and thirty and one-half million dollars for the year.

As compared with total products amounting to one hundred and thirty-six and one-third million dollars this year, the figures for last year were one hundred and sixteen and one-quarter millions, for 1895 they were one hundred and twenty-eight and one-half millions. The increase over last year is twenty million dollars and the value of live stock on hand is also twenty millions greater than a year ago, the farmers of the State being in these two respects better off than a year ago by $40,564,231, or 21 per cent. This excess would more than pay every dollar of debt standing against Kansas farm lands today.

There is an increase of 33 per cent. in the value of sheep, 41 per cent. in the value of swine, 22 per cent. in the value of milch cows, and 43 per cent. in the value of other cattle, while horses, in spite of diminishing numbers, show a net increase of 10 per cent. in values. A special complimentary copy of this report should be sent to the address of Hon. William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska.

Free Trade Assertion Vs. Fact.

The New York Evening Post says at "the Treasury Department there is no attempt to conceal the general disappointment over the Dingley tariff act thus far as a revenue producer." In this statement we have a free trade assertion. The fact is found in the recent interview with Assistant Secretary Howell who said:

I am exceedingly pleased with the showing made, and I have no doubt that the law will yield sufficient revenue for all the needs of the Government, and relieve us from the danger which a constant increase of expenditures over receipts during the last administration had brought upon us.

Again the Post declares that it is all very well to assert that the tariff law is working finely and that there is no menace for [illegible] but the [illegible] of the [illegible] Appropriations Committee, who are now gathering at Washington, find it impossible to take so cheerful a view of the [illegible] [illegible]

Opportunity for Farmers.

Discussing the possibilities for beet sugar raising in this country as affording a splendid opportunity for the farmers in different States, the Chicago Times-Herald says: The United States annually consumes sugar and its manufactures to the value of something like $120,000,000, three-fourths of which is imported, the proceeds going mainly to the beet and cane growers of other countries. Here is an opportunity for the farmers of the Northern and Western States, in many of which sugar beets grow to perfection. Practical experiments have already been made in some sections, notably in Nebraska and California, with results that could not be more promising.

About 40,000 tons of beet sugar was produced in this country last year, considerably more than will be produced this, and there is scarcely a limit to the expansion of the industry. We have millions of acres of soil peculiarly adapted to the sugar beet, enough, if utilized, to supply ourselves and the rest of mankind with sugar. Any two or three of a dozen States might easily produce enough sugar to supply our own wants and turn the balance of foreign trade largely and perpetually in our favor.

Co-operation on a scale of some magnitude is necessary. First, an ample supply of beets within a small radius must be assured; then a manufactory to reduce the product costing $200,000 to $250,000, is required. But these things, wherever profitable, ought to be within easy reach of American means and enterprise.

The benefits to other industries and to the country as a whole would be great. Every ton of sugar beets grown at home is so much taken from the increasing acreage sown to grain, so much deducted from the competition of overgrown crops and from the bills to be settled abroad.

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER



It will keep your chickens strong and healthy. It will make young pullets lay early. Worth its weight in gold for moulting hens, and prevents all diseases. It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs only a tenth of a cent a day. No other kind like it.

NOTHING ON EARTH WILL MAKE HENS LAY LIKE SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

Therefore, no matter what kind of food you use, mix with it daily Sheridan's Powder. Otherwise your profit this fall and winter will be lost when the price for eggs is very high. It assures perfect assimilation of the food elements needed to produce health and form eggs. It is sold by druggists, grocers, feed dealers or by mail.

If you can't get it send to us. Ask first. One pack. 25 cts. five $1. Large 2-lb. can $1.20. Six cans Exp. paid $5. Sample of Best Poultry Paper sent free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

STEAMBOATS.

WINTER RATES.

Boston & Bangor Steamship Co.

GREAT REDUCTION IN FARES.

$2.50 TO BOSTON.

Fare between Bangor and Boston reduced from	$3 50 to $2 50
Fare between Winterport and Boston reduced from	3 45 to 2 40
Fare between Bucksport and Boston reduced from	3 25 to 2 35
Fare between Searsport and Boston reduced from	3 10 to 2 30
Fare between Belfast and Boston reduced from	3 00 to 2 25
Fare between Camden and Boston reduced from	2 60 to 1 85
Fare between Rockland and Boston reduced from	2 50 to 1 75

The price of rooms will be reduced from $2 00 and $1 50 to $1.50 and $1.00 each.

Steamers will leave Bangor for Hampden, Winterport, Bucksport, Searsport, Belfast, Camden, Rockland and Boston, Mondays and Thursdays at 11 00 a. m.

RETURNING

From Boston, Tuesdays and Fridays at 5 p. m. From Rockland, via way-landings, at (about) 5 a. m., Wednesdays and Saturdays.

HENRY T. SANBORN, Agent, Bangor.
CALVIN AUSTIN, Gen'l Supt., Boston.
WILLIAM H. HILL, General Manager, Boston.

BANGOR & BAR HARBOR STEAMBOAT CO.

TWO TRIPS PER WEEK.

STEAMER SEDGWICK will leave Bangor Wednesdays, and Saturdays at 7.30 a. m., arriving at Bar Harbor at 6 p. m.

RETURNING—Leave Bar Harbor Mondays, and Thursdays at 7 a. m., arriving at Bangor at 5 p. m.

G. H. BARBOUR, President.
H. W. BARBOUR, General Manager.

YOUR SIZE OF UNDERWEAR

is probably in our "broken assortment" lot. If it is, then you'll save money by buying of us.

You can thank our early Fall customers for this special sale. If they hadn't found the underwear so warm and comfortable and low-priced—they paid 50c. and 75c.—then sizes wouldn't have been broken and this sale couldn't have been made. But they saw true underwear worth in the shirts and drawers—and those remaining are just as good.

Your Size, 39c. Each.

Our Wool-Fleece Underwear—at 50c.—is selling rapidly.

PULLEN & COMPANY,

Corner State and Exchange Sts.

TRUE'S [illegible] ELIXIR Best for Children

Piano Instruction [illegible]

By the Breath of Life Only

ARE THEY TO BE REACHED.

Through It Alone Can the Air Passages of the Head, Throat and Lungs be Healed.

"HYOMEI," NATURE'S OWN REMEDY

For Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Asthma, Coughs, Colds and Bronchitis.

Has Cured More People of these Diseases within a Month than All Other Methods Combined During the Year.

It is now admitted by the medical profession that Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma and diseases of the air passages can not be cured by the old methods. The reason for this is made plain to any intelligent person who will give it moment's thought. The air passages were never intended for the use of liquids, sprays, douches and atomizers, for no matter how potent they might be in medicinal value, nature at once expels them, and they never reach the parts affected. Furthermore, the attempt to cure Catarrh and Bronchitis by treating them once or twice each week is as absurd as trying to extinguish a dangerous fire by the same method. The bacilli of these diseases grow and multiply by the thousands in a few hours and nothing but the frequent application of some powerful germicide will kill them. That such a one has been found in "HYOMEI" the New Australian Dry Air Cure, is attested to by thousands throughout the country who have been cured by its use. Hyomei is nature's own remedy carried to all parts of the head, throat and lungs by the air you breathe. It can be taken at all times and in any place. There is no danger, no risk. Your money is refunded if it fails to cure. "Hyomei" Inhaler Outfit $1.00. Extra bottles "Hyomei" 50c. "Hyomei" Balm a wonderful healer 25c. Can be obtained of your druggist, or BY MAIL. Pamphlets free.

R. T. BOOTH CO.,
492 Congress St., Portland, Me.

RAILROADS.

MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

In Effect Nov. 14th, 1897.

Until further notice, trains will leave Bangor as follows:

GOING EAST.

5.20 A. M.—For St. Stephen, Aroostook County, St. John and all points East of Bangor in Maine and the Provinces, with Pullman Car for St. John.
6.00 A. M.—Mixed to Vanceboro.
7.00 A. M.—For Oldtown and all points on the B. & A. R. R.
12.10 P. M.—Mixed for Mattawamkeag.
3 35 P. M.—For Vanceboro, St. Stephen, Houlton, Woodstock and St. John.
3 45 P. M.—For Oldtown, Patten and Aroostook County points via B & A R. R.
4.25 P. M.—For Oldtown and Greenville via B. & A. R. R.
6.25 P. M.—For Oldtown and Mattawamkeag.

GOING WEST.

7 15 A. M.—For all points West, connecting at Newport for Dover and Foxcroft, and Moosehead Lake, Burnham for Belfast, at Waterville for Oakland, Winthrop, Lewiston, Farmington, and Phillips, at Portland for Montreal and Toronto.
12.35 P. M.—Mixed, for Waterville and way stations, connecting at Burnham for Belfast.
1 15 P. M.—Flying Yankee for Boston, with through Parlor Car running via Augusta, stopping at and connecting for Newport, Dexter, Dover and Foxcroft, Moosehead Lake, Belfast, Skowhegan, Waterville, Augusta, Portland and Boston.
4.30 P. M.—For Dover and Foxcroft and Moosehead Lake via Dexter, and mixed from Newport for all stations as far as Waterville inclusive.
8.00 P. M.—Every Night for Portland and Boston via Augusta, connecting for Lewiston, and Bath. Pullman sleeping cars attached for Portland and Boston.
11.25 P. M.—Express for Portland and Boston, with sleeping car attached for Portland and Boston.

BUCKSPORT BRANCH.

Trains leave Bangor for Bucksport at 6.25 A. M., 1 45 and 4.45 P. M. and Saturdays only at 6.45 P. M. Arrive at Bucksport 7 40 A. M., 2.55 and 5.45 P. M. and 7 50 P. M. Saturdays only. Leave Bucksport for Bangor at 6.05 A. M., Mondays only, 10 15 A. M., 3 15 and 6 15 P. M. Arrive in Bangor at 7 10 A. M. Mondays only, 11.30 A. M., 4.20 and 7 15 P. M.

MT. DESERT BRANCH.

Trains leave Bangor for Ellsworth and Bar Harbor at 6 45 and 8.40 A. M., and 4.35 P. M. Leave Ellsworth 7.59, 11 00 A. M., and 5.45 P. M. 8.45 A. M. train connects for Sullivan and Sorrento.

Trains leave Bar Harbor (steamer) at 7 30 A. M., 10.30 A. M., 3 10 P. M. Leave Mt. Desert Ferry at 8 30 A. M., 11.30 A. M., 4.35 P. M. Leave Ellsworth 9.29, 11.52 A. M., 5.10 P. M. Arrive in Bangor 11.15 A. M., 1.00, and 6.25 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

7 15 A. M.—For Waterville, Augusta, Portland and Boston.
8.00 P. M.—For Portland and Boston via Augusta, connecting for Bath and Lewiston. Pullman sleeping car attached.

ARRIVALS.

Through trains from the East arrive at 12.55 (Yankee) and 11 10 P. M. From Greenville 9 15 A. M., B. & A. 12 45 and 6 35 P. M. from all points. Mattawamkeag 10 15 and 11.20 A. M., (mixed) 5.00 P. M. mixed from Vanceboro.

From the West—Arrive from Boston and Portland 4.45 A. M. and 5.25 and 8.20 P. M. Sundays 11 25 A. M. and 5 25 P. M. From Portland and way stations 11.45 A. M. From Waterville and from Dover and Foxcroft via Dexter 3.07 and 11.00 A. M. Sunday from Boston and Portland 5.15 P. M. Sunday paper train 11.25 A. M.

NOTE.—Time of arrival and departure here given is that at Maine Central Depot; for Exchange Street depot a slight difference should be allowed.

Through tickets to all principal points East and by all routes are on sale at the Maine Central Ticket Office. For Pullman Berths or information call on or telephone A. W. Benson, Ticket Agent.

GEO. F. EVANS, General Manager.
F. E. BOOTHBY, General Pass and Tkt. Agt.
Nov 9th 1897.

Bangor & Aroostook Railroad.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

IN EFFECT MONDAY, OCT. 4, 1897.

Pullman Buffet Parlor Car between Caribou and Bangor on trains leaving Caribou at 5.45 A. M. and Bangor at 3 45 P. M.

Until further notice trains will leave Bangor as follows:

7 00 A. M.—For and arriving at Lagrange at 8.15 A. M., Milo 8.49 A. M., Brownville 8.58 A. M., Katahdin Iron Works 9.40 A. M., Norcross 9.47 A. M., Sherman 10.55 A. M., Island Falls 11.20 A. M., Smyrna Mills 11.55 A. M., Weeksboro 12.20 P. M., Masardis 1 10 P. M., Ashland 1.35 P. M., Houlton 12 20 P. M., Presque Isle 2.05 P. M., Caribou 2 5 P. M., Fort Fairfield 2 30 P. M., Dover 9 16 A. M., Guilford 9.40 A. M., Monson Junction 9.58 A. M., Greenville 11.00 A. M.
3 45 P. M.—For and arriving at Brownville 5.25 P. M., Norcross, 6 22 P. M., Sherman, 7.21 P. M., Island Falls 7 43 P. M., Houlton 8.40 P. M., Presque Isle 10.22 P. M., Caribou 10 50 P. M., Fort Fairfield 10.40 P. M.
4 20 P. M.—For and arriving at Lagrange 5 44 P. M., Dover 6 40 P. M., Guilford 7.05 P. M., Monson Junction 7.28 P. M., Blanchard 7.48 P. M., Greenville 8 20 P. M.

ARRIVALS.

9.15 A. M.—Leaving Greenville 6.25 A. M., Monson Junction 6.25 A. M., Guilford 6.43 A. M., Dover 7 00 A. M.; Brownville 7.15 A. M., Milo 7.30 A. M., Lagrange 7.47 A. M.
12 40 P. M.—Leaving Caribou 5.45 A. M., Presque Isle 6.15 A. M., Fort Fairfield 6.00 A. M., Houlton 7 55 A. M., Ashland 6 40 A. M., Masardis 7.05 A. M., Weeksboro 7.35 A. M., Smyrna Mills 8.19 A. M., Island Falls 8.50 A. M., Sherman 9.13 A. M., Norcross 10.13 A. M., Katahdin Iron Works 10.00 A. M., Brownville 11. 7 A. M.
6.35 P. M.—Leaving Greenville 2.40 P. M., Monson Junction 3.40 P. M., Guilford 3.57 P. M., Dover 4.20 P. M., Caribou 11 05 A. M., Presque Isle 11.35 A. M., Fort Fairfield 11.10 A. M., Houlton 1.20 P. M., Island Falls 2.13 P. M., Sherman 2.42 P. M., Norcross 3.45 P. M., Brownville 4.45 P. M., Milo 4.58 P. M., Lagrange 5.24 P. M.

GEO. M. HOUGHTON, Gen'l Pass'r & Ticket Agent.
F. W. CRAM, Vice Pres't & Gen'l Mgr.
Bangor, Me., Sept 25, 1897.

NEW FRUIT AT LOW PRICES

NEW CAL. RAISINS AND PRUNES,
4 LBS. FOR 25C. 3 LBS. FOR 25C. AND 10C. LB.
NEW CAL. FIGS, 2 LBS., 25C.
NEW CAL. EVP. PEACHES OR APRICOTS,
2 LBS. FOR 25C.
NEW CURRANTS AND CITRON.
TEA WHITE.

SIX PER CENT. [illegible]

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a promissory note signed by me of the following tenor, viz.:

Lagrange, June 17, 1896.
Twelve months after date I promise to pay to the order of the Dunn Lumber Co. Twelve hundred Dollars. Payable at Dunn Lumber Co.'s office, Bangor, Maine.

My signature to said note having been obtained by misrepresentation and no consideration for the same having been received, liability of same is denied and payment will be resisted.

FRED L. HEAL.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.

Wholesale and retail. The finest grades of all the leading and seasonable flowers, Violets, Narcissus, Lily of Valley, Stevia, Roses, Carnations, Chrysanthemums, Ferns and Smilax. Retail trade supplied with best stock at lowest market price. Growers and dealers can have these flowers at Boston Market wholesale prices. Floral Designs and Society Emblems at reasonable prices.

Decorations a specialty.

The largest and most modern floral establishment east of Boston.

ADAM SEKENGER, FLORIST,
32 NEWBURY STREET.
Branch with Caldwell Sweet, 20 Main Street.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS.

TRUSSES.

Celluloid, Elastic and other good kinds. Various Abdominal Supporters, Crutches Trusses to suit everybody.

Harlow's Drug Store

INDIA RUBBER CUSHIONS AND PILLOWS,
HOT WATER BAGS
SYRINGES, Fountain, Bulb and Hard Rubber,
SUPPORTERS and BANDAGES
For Athletes and Horsemen,
Rubber Requisites for Nurseries and Sick Rooms,
SHEETS, TUBING,
BREAST PUMPS,
ATOMIZERS, ICE BAGS.
All sorts of useful things.
HARLOW'S DRUG STORE
4 Smith Block.

LATEST NOVELTIES in Plumbing Goods on exhibition at store of

Getchell & Co.,
No. 33 Central Street

FOR THANKSGIVING DAY

You may need something in the line of

Crockery for cooking, also Tinware, Chopping Knives, Bowls, Trays, Spoons, Knives and Forks, any thing, in fact, almost, for Kitchen use.

CORN POPPERS, 10c.
We keep these goods.

N. WHITMAN & SON, 99c STORE, 123 & 126 Main St., Bangor.

DR. JAMES F. SMITH,
[Mem. Mass. Med. So.]

has his office and residence at 242 State Street, where he will pay special attention to the treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat. The Doctor will be away from Saturday afternoon until Monday evening during July and August.

COMFORT and SATISFACTION

will be yours if you buy at the

Woman's Exchange,

PIES, CAKE, BREAD, and other delicacies for Thanksgiving.
Telephone 329-3.

News and Opinions of National Importance

THE SUN

ALONE

CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail,	$6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail,	$8 a year

The Sunday Sun

is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the World.

Price 5c. a copy. By mail, $2 a year
Address THE SUN, New York.

YOUR EYES

Carefully and Conscientiously fitted to

SPECTACLES

Of which we keep a full line.

Oculists' Prescriptions Filled.
Spectacles Repaired.

ADOLF PFAFF,
[illegible]

'SAFE SOOTHING SATISFYING

Originated by an Old Family Physician in 1810.

You can safely trust what time has indorsed for nearly a century.

There is not a medicine in use today which possesses the confidence of the public to so great an extent as Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. For more than eighty years it has stood upon its own intrinsic merit, while generation after generation have used it. The best evidence of its value is the fact that in the state where it originated the sale of it is steadily increasing.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

I. S. JOHNSON Esq. My Dear Sir—Fifty years ago this month, your father, Dr. Johnson, called at my store and left me some Johnson's Anodyne Liniment on sale. I have sold it ever since. I can most truly say that it has maintained its high standard and popularity from that time to this. JOHN B RAND, North Waterford, Maine, Jan. 1891.

"Best Liver Pill Made."

Parsons' Pills

Positively cure Biliousness and Sick Headache, liver and bowel complaints. They expel all impurities from the blood. Delicate women find relief from using them. Price 25c, five $1. Sold everywhere.

This certifies that Dr A Johnson, whose name is signed to every genuine bottle of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, in the month of Jan 1840 first left at my store some of the same. I have supplied my customers with it ever since (over fifty years) with increasing sales. JABEZ KNOWLTON, Newburg, Maine.

Our Book "Treatment for Diseases" Mailed Free. All Druggists. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now [signature] *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* [signature] *wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years. LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* [signature] *on the and has the signature of* [signature] *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF
Chas. H. Fletcher.

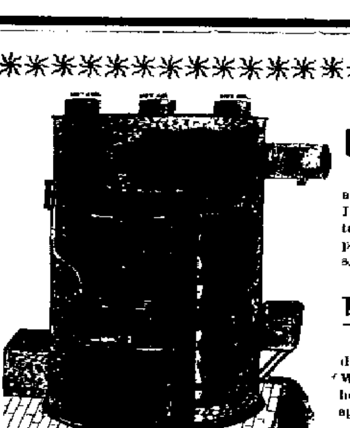
Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



Largest package—greatest economy.
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

OUR ETNA COAL FURNACE



Has been upon the market 17 years, and there are thousands in use to-day. It has been greatly improved from time to time, and is as near perfection as experience and highest grade of workmanship can make it.

The Clarion Furnace,

Our latest, has been made to meet the demand for a lower priced apparatus. We consider it a thoroughly constructed heater of great power and invite an inspection.

WOOD & BISHOP CO.,
40-42 Broad St., Bangor, Me.

—THE—

RICHMOND VICTOR

Steam and Hot Water Heaters

continue to take the lead. None better on the market, as their record can show. More in use in Bangor and vicinity than any other kind. References sent on application to the agents,

Leighton, Davenport & Co.,
96 EXCHANGE STREET, BANGOR,
Plumbers. Steam and Hot Water Fitters

LYNCH'S MARKET REPORT.

Turkeys,	Venison,	Beef Tongues,	Ducks,
Lamb,	Chickens,	Lamb Tongues,	Veal,
Nash Hams,	Fowl,	Dunn's Bacon,	Pork,

Boston Celery, Lettuce, Spinach, Cape Cranberries, Sweet Potatoes, etc. The finest of Heavy Ox Beef. Call or order your Sunday dinner at

LYNCH'S LEADING CASH MARKET.

FIFTY CENTS A MONTH

The Daily Whig and Courier

WILL BE SENT TO ANY ADDRESS, POSTAGE FREE

For Fifty Cents a Month, or $6.00 a Year,

When Paid in Advance.

THOUGHT TO BE LOST.

Twelve Men Started from Skaguay in a Gale.

Driven Toward Pyramid Harbor—No Tidings Received.

Chicago, Dec 1.—A special from Seattle says: A. A. Smith, writing under date of Nov. 22 from Skaguay, says: "For the last four days there has been great anxiety in Skaguay over the possible fate of 12 men who on Tuesday morning on the sloop Pigeon essayed to make the trip around the point to Taiya.

"The north wind was blowing a gale down the canyons at the time. The skipper was unable to make his boat beat up against the wind and losing control of her, he was carried away down the canal. It is known that Nicholas Furlong, Tom Dickins, Rene Lepry, Joseph Palmer, C H Dennison and a man named Lombard were in the party.

"The latter is believed to be Milton Lombard of New York who was in Skaguay en route to Dawson City, which point he had agreed upon a $10,000 wager to reach without money.

"It was as impossible for the skipper to return to the harbor here as it was to reach Taiya. But after several unsuccessful attempts to reach cover a landing was made about a mile below on this side. Here H. S. Manning of Chicago, and Morse S. Duffield of Detroit disembarked and endeavored to persuade the others to do likewise, but they refused, still believing they would be able to beat back. When last seen they were being driven before the gale toward Pyramid Harbor, since which time no tidings have been had of any of the party."

Will Not Suffer Much

A special from Tacoma, Washington, says: Sailor Frank Wyckersham has just returned from an eight months whaling trip in the Arctic ocean on the steam bark Wm Baylies. His ship was in company at various times with the eight whalers now imprisoned in the ice east of Point Barrow. Wyckersham declares that the men aboard the ships are not suffering as is generally supposed. He says:

"Those vessels carried a year's supplies. Their men are now enjoying life and will be perfectly safe and comfortable until the ice breaks next summer and they will probably not experience any hardship then. Should any vessel be crushed the men can easily get to the other ships or to shore, which is not more than a mile away."

Wyckersham does not believe that the Bear will reach the whalers this winter.

THE PRIZE RING.

The Choynski-Jeffres Contest at San Francisco

San Francisco, Dec 1.—The Choynski-Jeffries fight which took place last night at the National A. C. was declared a draw. Choynski weighed in at 160 pounds and Jeffries at 210. The betting was even money. Behind Choynski were Eddie Graney his backer and George Green, while Jeffries had in his corner Billy Delaney and Jack Stelzner. Jim McDonald, the baseball umpire, refereed the contest. The fight by rounds:

Round 1—Not a single blow was struck, both men fiddling around cautiously. Both led and missed.

Round 2—Choynski landed a light jab on Jeffries' face and Jeffries scored a tap on the ribs. Neither blow would crack an egg. Both men cautious and clever.

Round 3—After considerable dancing and long range sparring Jeffries slipped a left hook over Joe's guard and dropped him. Joe stayed five seconds and got up with a serious look on his face. Jeffries stood away and did not follow up his advantage.

Round 4—Each scored light lefts on the head and Jeffries got in a solid kidney punch. The round was rather tame.

Round 5—The men woke up and did some vicious fighting. Choynski placed his left several times on Jeffries' head and blocked away from Jeffries' left punches. He could not avoid Jeffries' right however and caught three hard body punches and a left jolt in the face. Honors even.

Round 6—Some terrific fighting was done in this round. Jeffries had decidedly the better of it. He landed often on Joe's body and punished Choynski severely in the clinches.

Round 7—Choynski landed a heavy left swing on Jeffries' jaw and kept away very neatly from the Los Angeles lad's rushes. This round belonged to Choynski but no damage was done.

Round 8—Jeffries scored this and again with his left on Choynski's face. They were hard jolts and Joe sent nothing back in return. This round was all in Jeffries' favor.

Round 9—Choynski was receiver again in this round, taking numerous hard lefts on the jaw and face. He was stopping away in every instance and the blows distressed him but little.

Round 10—Jeffries played both hands heavily on Joe's heart while Joe could not land a single effective punch.

Round 11—Choynski drew first blood with a stiff left jab on the nose which he repeated twice. Jeffries slugged his man roughly about the body with both hands and landed a stiff right on the head. Honors easy.

Round 12—Choynski used his left on Jeffries face with effect, drawing considerable blood and stopping Jeffries' rushes. The round was easily Choynski's.

Round 13—Jeffries took the offensive and lashed out several wicked blows, most of which were blocked by Choynski, who did some very clever ducking and side stepping but no leading.

Round 14—With the exception of a single left swing, which he landed with considerable force on Jeffries jaw, Choynski took all the punishment in this round. He was chased around the ring continually and confined all his efforts to keeping out of Jeffries' way.

Round 15—Jeffries rushed Choynski, cornered him and floored him neatly with a left swing. He followed Joe up and staggered him with hard lefts which left their mark on Choynski's face and body.

Round 16—Choynski's generalship came into play and he battered Jeffries face unmercifully with his left. Jeffries fought back like a demon and the round was the hottest of the fight, with a slight advantage for Choynski.

Round 17—Jeffries tired badly and Joe kept up a tattoo with the left on his face almost closing his left eye. Jeffries' leads lacked steam and were neatly blocked.

Round 18—Jeffries took the offensive and kept Joe moving quickly. Joe put in a few left jabs on Jeffries' battered eye and took four or five stiff body punches in return.

Round 19—Jeffries still kept on the aggressive, following and landing stiff lefts on Joe's body. Joe still looked to Jeffries' damaged eye which he visited two or three times with hard left jabs.

Round 20—Both men went at it hammer and tongs and slugged the full round through with little or no advantage on either side.

Referee McDonald's decision was well received, though many thought Jeffries had the better of the fight.

When all is said and done concerning last night's fight in this city, Choynski fought against odds and fought well. After this few will dispute Jeffries' claim to be considered a possibility for the world's championship. He is a clever boxer and while little more than a novice, he fairly puzzled a man who while young in years is a veteran at fisticuffs.

If any mistake was made in Choynski's corner it was in not allowing Joe to go at his big vis-a-vis more at the start. Jeffries was decidedly rattled when he entered the ring and it was not until several rounds had elapsed that he regained his natural color and began to fight with confidence. Possibly the idea of going against such a celebrity as Choynski had this disturbing effect. Once Jeffries did extend himself there were no signs of white feather about him.

Choynski covered himself with glory and has never shown up to such advantage. He is as clever and as quick as ever and last night he fought the first calculating battle he has ever been mixed up in. Contrary to his general tactics he was not reckless for a minute and every round showed that he was feeling his man's power like a past master.

A noticeable change in his work is the difference in his guard and attack. He fought Jeffries with his body well open and faced him at most squarely in the Australian style. Since he met Billy Woods in 1891 and knocked him out Choynski has not fought so long or as well as he did last night. Choynski's ducking was superb and his splendid work in this direction brought down the house in the 16th round.

Combine of Telephone Interests

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec 1.—Representatives from 50 cities and towns in the state who are interested in a movement to combine all telephone interests outside of the people using the Bell patents, are in session here to canvass the situation.

In each of the cities and towns, an independent company is operating, and the object of the meeting is to attempt to consolidate the whole.

The new concern which is organized under the name of the Kurtz National Telephone Co., proposes to enter into competition with the central company in this city as well as in all the [illegible] throughout the state. The competitor offers service at about half the rates of the old company.

FOREIGN NEWS.

More Talk About the Dreyfus Case at Paris

Demand of United States Upon Turkey Renewed Other Items

[illegible]

The Situation at [illegible]

[illegible]

Weyler Engaged [illegible]

[illegible]

Rioting Renewed

[illegible]

Minister of Justice

[illegible]

Demand of United States

[illegible]

Damaged [illegible]

[illegible]

Thanks to the Em[illegible]

[illegible]

WILL SOON BE EFFECTED

Biggest Combine of [illegible] Attempted

[illegible]

Death of Col. W. D. [illegible]

[illegible]

A Bad Fire in Lowell

Lowell, Mass., Dec 1.—[illegible] the Irving block [illegible] o'clock this morning [illegible] extinguished caused a damage of [illegible] 900. It was discovered [illegible] central station. [illegible] ing was in flames [illegible] sounded an alarm. [illegible] ment arrived the building was in flames and a second alarm [illegible] An attempt was made [illegible] out by numerous streams [illegible] buildings but the attempt was futile, so the efforts of the firemen [illegible] in preventing adjoining [illegible] catching fire.

Sparks however [illegible] Edson building and as [illegible] block was slightly damaged [illegible] 4 o'clock the fire in the [illegible] under control but it was [illegible] the flames were subdued.

Oppose Miss Bradley

Frankfort, Ky., Dec 1.—[illegible] ple in this part of Kentucky [illegible] stirred up over the appointment of [illegible] Bradley of his daughter [illegible] the new battleship Kentucky [illegible] be launched early next year at Newport News. The friends of Miss [illegible] Richardson declare that she was [illegible] by Secretary of War Herbert [illegible] year ago and accepted the honor [illegible] appointment has never been [illegible] Miss Richardson says that she [illegible] Miss Bradley will christen [illegible] warship with a bottle of Kentucky [illegible] bon.

Stirred the People Up

Topeka, Kas., Dec 1.—[illegible] a carpenter of Great Bend [illegible] ed people last winter by making [illegible]

[illegible] SKIN-TO[illegible] BA[illegible] SKIN SCALP [illegible]

MISS ESTHER [illegible] ... Port[illegible] In CRAYON, MEZZO[illegible] No. 70 Grove [illegible]

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR

THE W[illegible] You Wan[illegible] Your [illegible] For $5 a Year [illegible] Cents a [illegible]

Ban[illegible] Oldest [illegible] THE Weekly [illegible] Established [illegible] THE BEST FAMIL[illegible] Forty-Eight [illegible] of Reading [illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

NEWS.

...ut the Dreyfus Paris.

...tates Upon Turkey ...her Items.

...at Madrid

...nqueted.

...enewed.

...ce Resigned.

...States Renewed

...Collision.

...Emperor

...EFFECTED.

...Coal Men Ever ...ed

...D. Chipley

...Lowell

...radley.

...ple Up.



...happiness does not begin for a woman until she becomes a mother. ... of death stands between thousands ... and this supreme joy. If a woman will but take the right course, she may ... this fear out of her heart, and all ... out of her body.

... is practically no danger, and but ... in maternity, for a woman who ... healthy and strong in a woman's way. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription ... the delicate organs that bear the ... of maternity strong, healthy, virile ... It banishes the distress of the ... impending maternity, and in... newcomer's health and an ample ... of nourishment. An honest drug... will not try to get you to take some ... for his profit's sake. Prospective ... who write to Dr. R. V. Pierce will ... the best advice of an eminent and ... for thirty years chief con... to the great Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y.

... of mine who was expecting the ... before very long, was in very ... writes Eliza Renninsnider, Post... Bourbon Co., Kansas. "I ... Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescrip... and has just been ... a daughter as I ever saw, ... short time in labor and is now ...

Pierce's Pellets. For sick headache, biliousness and constipation. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the most rational cure ... They are mild but thorough and ... They regulate and invigorate ... liver and bowels ... Never gripe. No ... pill is like them.

SLEEP FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES

... for tired mothers in a warm bath ... CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application ... CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure. ... CUTICURA REMEDIES afford instant relief, ... to a speedy cure of torturing, disfiguring, humiliating, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly skin and scalp humors, ... loss of hair, when all else fails.

... throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. ... Props., Boston. ... How to Cure Skin-Tortured Babies," free.

SKIN SCALP and Hair Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

SAFETY APPLIANCES.

... hereby given that the Canadian Pacific ... & Atlantic Railway Company ... applied to the Interstate Commerce ... for an extension of time beyond ... 1898, within which they are required ... their freight cars with automatic ... power or train brakes under section ... act approved March 2d, 1893, ... equipment of cars used in interstate ... with such safety appliances, and ... said application will be had ... Commission in Washington, ... 1897, at 10 o'clock in ...

... persons interested for or ... the relief prayed for will ... in person or by attorney and ... with the Commission affidavits, ... for or in opposition to ... such date.

... Commission.

... W. A. MOSELEY, "Secretary."

MISS ESTHER L. WISWELL

... and is now ready to take orders for

... Portraits ...

In CRAYON, MEZZOTINT and PASTEL,

... reasonable prices.

No. 70 Grove Street, Bangor.

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR

... great home remedy for worms ... and all children's complaints. Invaluable in all stomach troubles. In use 46 years. Price 35cts. All druggists, or of Proprietors. Dr. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.

THE WHIG.

You Want It in Your Family

AND CAN HAVE IT

For $5 a Year, or Only 50 Cents a Month.

Bangor's Oldest Paper

THE

Weekly Courier

Established in 1814.

Continues to be

THE BEST FAMILY NEWSPAPER

having all the advantage of the unrivaled telegraphic service of the Daily edition, up to the hour of going to press and furnishing every week

Forty-Eight Columns of Reading Matter,

embracing current, domestic and foreign news, market reports, agricultural intelligence, choice stories and miscellaneous selections, making it preeminently the best

PAPER FOR THE FARM AND HOME.

Six Pages with Every Issue,

but have put the subscription at the low rate of

$1.00 per Annum

Invariably in Advance

BREWER LOCALS.

BREWER'S BIG BLAZE.

Cause of Fire Still a Mystery—Estimates of Losses and Other Facts.

In addition to what was published in THE WHIG Wednesday morning regarding Brewer's conflagration, which occurred so near the time of going to press that we were unable to give a detailed account of it, we herewith give some facts.

The fire started in the office of C. I. Dean's livery stable, on Wilson street, but how will doubtless remain a mystery. Mr. Dean had been attending some late orders Tuesday night in Bangor and returning to the stable just before 2 o'clock Wednesday morning laid down in the office with Wesley Bennett, one of his hostlers, and went to sleep. On awaking about half an hour later he discovered a blaze over his head and the office full of smoke. Mr. Dean poked his hostler in the ribs and they escaped with their lives through the office window.

The flames then burst forth from all sides of the office and spread rapidly to the hay above and within a space of a few minutes the upper part of the structure was a roaring furnace. While the alarm was being rung in at City Hall, a short distance away, the horses were being taken out at the rear of the building by Mr. Dean and one of his assistants. There were fourteen in all and they were safely anchored out of reach of the fire in neighboring transient stalls back of some of the stores. This was all that was saved of Mr. Dean's belongings. The fire spread rapidly to the Perkins confectionery store owned by F. G. Arey, and to the stable of William Richardson, on Main street. These buildings were burned to the ground with their contents, with the exception of Mr. Richardson's horse and delivery wagon, which he managed to save.

C. I. Dean estimates his loss at from $3,000 to $3,500. He was insured in agencies represented by Eugene S. Burr. The amount of his insurance is $2,400, of which $1,650 is in the Boston Marine Ins. Co., and $750 in the Providence and Washington Ins. Co.

W. W. Perkins sets his loss at $500 and has an insurance of $250 with E. S. Burr.

Capt. Frank G. Arey places his loss at $500 and insurance placed with B. E. Farrington 's $300.

W. H. Richardson estimates his loss at $100. His insurance on his stable amounts to $150 and is placed with E. S. Burr.

If Old Jed had been in Brewer Wednesday morning to see the barns going up in fire and smoke his eyes would have stuck out like bean poles in a haystack to see how well the big fire that at that time threatened to destroy a good part of the lower end of the city, was handled by the new chief, R. W. Currier. Of course no one has ever wished for such a fire as was experienced yesterday morning, to give the skill of the new chief a fair test, but everybody most, has been exceedingly anxious for something of the kind to happen—accidentally of course, without any damage—ever since he took the chair of the responsibility and shouldered it.

Who ever heard of a fire in Brewer without forty 'leven bosses, and every man of them seeing who could holla the loudest, jumping all over the lot like kernels of corn parching in a frying pan, and bursting open in turn to display their mechanism? Who ever saw a fire in Brewer roped off metropolitan fashion to keep out nervous spectators and curious skedaddling dogs—don't everybody speak at once now.

At Chief Currier's first fire Wednesday morning it can be truthfully said that there was the least confusion and most effective work done, and done skillfully, too, that the city has seen at any of her big fires. Every man was at his post and every order given by those who had authority was obeyed promptly without any back talk, something that has never been known before in Brewer.

The water pressure from the hydrants was, at first, rather light, which was due, it is said, to that old chestnut evil, anchor ice, up in Veazie, but Supt. Spark's prompt action in telephoning to headquarters sent down streams that tired the nozzle holders into double hangman's knots and extinguished hogsheads of fire at every squirt, while the old steamer on Rollin's wharf was pumping at 140 pounds pressure, a record that would have made old Boss Button smile had he been there. It took two men to hold her nozzles and three to turn them. Chief Currier told THE WHIG reporter that had any of the defective hose, which was thrown out at the recent testing, been used with that pressure, it would, without doubt, have proved disastrous, as every moment was as precious as gold in getting the fire under control. Not a section of the new hose was touched.

Now that the new chief has proved himself the right man in the right place, and deserves unlimited credit, let us turn back a page and talk fire alarm. Oh, that bell, that bran spanking new bell! The bell is all right in its way but it doesn't weigh enough, but what can you expect for fifty cents. Its tone brings back to mind the old country church yard; it makes us want to weep for our friends long since dead. It has not a spark of fire in it. The man who mingles his cries of fire with its dismal sound does so of his own accord, not because the bell prompts him to it. Wednesday morning was the first time its rope has been pulled by any other than a professional bell ringer. The first bang of the tongue is certainly far-reaching and pure, but the second sounds like some old cow straining her voice through a sieve way down on the banks of the Segeunkedunk stream. Let's invest in a "Brighton Bull" whistle and run it on the electric plan. Pay some unoccupied man a salary to sit in the belfry and sledge-hammer the bell whenever he sees a fire. Do anything to remedy the city's unsurpassed fire alarm, and while we wait let give thanks to the firm of Robinson & Paine for the crackers and cheese they so liberally furnished the hard working firemen and everybody's business reporters, and to Mr. George McKay for his excellent coffee, and to F. D. Wyman and Dr. Lethiecq for being so unceremoniously routed out by THE WHIG reporter for telephone service. All this is essential in case of another fire in the same district.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

PASSED A QUIET NIGHT.

Thorn, Glad the Trial Is Over and Verdict Given.

Understood a Plea of Manslaughter Will Be Entered for Mrs. Nack.

New York, Dec. 1.—Martin Thorn, who last evening heard the verdict of the jury which will send him to the electric chair to expiate the murder of Wm. Guldensuppe, passed a quiet night in his cell at the Queens county jail.

When Sheriff Doht went in to see Thorn this morning, the prisoner said he had no appetite for breakfast but he felt that a big load was off his mind. Thorn did not talk as if he had any hope of getting a new trial. He supposed, he said, that he would have to make up his mind to meet the worst.

Mrs. Nack spent a restless night being evidently affected by the conviction of Thorn. When she heard of the verdict she wept and expressed sorrow for her former lover, although she says her conscience is relieved. Mrs. Nack is in a highly nervous condition and is now very anxious about her own case. District Attorney Youngs has not announced just what he purposes doing in the case of Mrs. Nack, but says he will take no action until after Thorn is sentenced.

It is understood Mrs. Nack will be arraigned in court next week when her counsel, Emanuel Friend, will in her behalf enter a plea of guilty of manslaughter in the first degree and that the district attorney will accept the plea.

In doing this, Mr. Youngs would recognize Mrs. Nack's action in turning state's evidence at the trial. Mrs. Nack may be sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment.

Statement from Capt. Methven.

Capt. Wm. Methven, who had charge of Thorn during the trial, was kept busy today answering questions as to the confession which Thorn made last night after he was taken back to his cell. It was stated that there was some doubt that Thorn had made such a confession.

At noon today Capt. Methven was seen at the Queens county jail and he made this statement:

"There are some discrepancies in the published report of Thorn's confession but the main facts remain unchanged. Thorn made part of the confession to me and part of the confession to Sheriff Doht. Since I have talked with Sheriff Doht today regarding the matter, I do not see that there is anything more for me to say. From what Sheriff Doht told me I can truthfully say that Thorn confessed that he killed Guldensuppe."

Lawyer Howe Denies.

Lawyer Howe denied today that Thorn, after his conviction yesterday confessed to the killing and cutting up of Guldensuppe. Mr. Howe reiterated his belief that the court of appeals would reverse the verdict.

Stole From Contribution Box.

Wichita, Kan., Dec. 1.—George Silliman, a 10 year old boy, is under arrest on the charge of robbing the contribution box of the Baptist Sunday school at Binghman, near Wichita. For more than six months money has been missed and action was taken to expel the treasurer of the school, Miss Effie Markham, from the church and have her arrested for embezzlement, as she could not account for the missing money, amounting to nearly $100.

When arrested, the boy, almost paralyzed with fear, said his father had whipped and compelled him to steal. Silliman is a wealthy farmer and a deacon in the church. The testimony is supported by his mother. He took the money during prayer in the Sunday school service. The elder Silliman has been arrested.

Arms Sent to Colombia.

New York, Dec. 1.—It was learned today that large shipments of arms and specie have recently been sent from this port to the Republic of Colombia. The Atlas liner Alene carried on her last two trips 97 cases of specie and a quantity of arms. The presidential election in the Republic of Colombia will take place on Dec. 5. In view of the rumors of threatened trouble on this occasion, it is said that the Colombian government is making preparations to cope with a possible rebellion.

Will Fight the Combine.

Appleton, Wis., Dec. 1.—The western manufacturers of print paper will fight the proposed eastern combine if it is effected. The western mills propose to establish a selling agency in Chicago and fight the combine. The Fox River manufacturers claim they will enter the western combine and that the selling agency will have back of it mills which can produce over 400 tons of print paper a day, so that it will be in a good position to cope with the big eastern concerns.

Maine Pensions.

Pensions have been granted to the following residents of Maine:

Dec. 1.—Original, Charles W. Knight, Soldiers' Home, Kennebec; Franklin N. Kusick, Bangor; James P. Judge, National Soldiers' Home; Kennebec; restoration and supplemental, Hosea Knowlton, Minot; increase, Wm. H. Bryant, Bangor; original widow, etc., minors of Wm. H. Whitten, Thorndike; Margaret Norton, Biddeford; Jerusha Haines, Gardiner; Fannie E. Atwell, Orono.

Lost His Bride in a Crowd.

New York, Dec. 1.—Michael Clark, who was married on Saturday last at his home in Northampton, Mass., and who came to this city on Monday for his honeymoon, has lost his wife. The newly married couple got separated in a crowd and he has been unable to find her. The police are looking for the bride.

Ill Health the Cause.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 1.—Mr. S. H. H. Clark, one of the receivers of the Union Pacific railroad today, announced that he had been offered the presidency of that company by the re-organization committee, but that owing to ill health he had refused the position.

A Challenge from Yale.

Ithaca, N. Y., Dec. 1.—A rumor is current on the Cornell campus that a challenge has been received from Yale; that it requested that the race be rowed at New London and was filled with other conditions to which Cornell could not agree. No member of the Cornell athletic council will confirm or deny the report.

SHEEP OF A DEAD SHEPHERD.

A Flock of 2,000 Wandered 500 Miles After He was Killed by Lightning.

A herder in charge of a flock of 2,000 sheep, which were grazing near the base of the San Francisco mountains, in Arizona, was killed by lightning during a terrific storm which visited that section about the 1st of August. As the herder was not expected to come in with his sheep until the 1st of October, his absence during August and September attracted no attention. When the middle of October came and he did not show up messengers were sent out to find him.

After a search of some days in the vicinity where he was last seen, the remains of a camp were found under a tree which had been riven by the lightning. The cooking utensils were scattered about, and the remains of a blanket were found, which were identified as parts of one which the man had taken with him. The water keg also was recognized by a mark which had been burned into one of the staves.

A further search revealed the bones of a human being scattered about over the ground some of them more than a hundred yards from the tree, having evidently been carried about by wolves. A prospector who had passed that way had camped for a night with the man about the 1st of August, and said that the herd was then moving northward. The tree around which the articles were found was just about far enough north to have been the next camping place, and when it was remembered that there was a severe storm of thunder and lightning in that section one night about the time referred to, it was clear that the man had made his camp under the tree and had been killed by lightning and his body devoured by wolves. The sheep had never been heard of and no trace of them could be found anywhere in that part of the country.

But now comes the strange part of the story. About two weeks ago a herd of about 2,000 sheep was found on the plain in San Miguel county in New Mexico, with no one in charge of them, and to all appearances belonging to nobody. The parties in Arizona heard of this fact and wrote to an officer in New Mexico giving their marks and explaining how the sheep could be identified. It was found beyond any doubt that this was the herd that had disappeared from the range in Arizona about the 1st of August. The animals had been shifting for themselves for more than three months, and turned up at a point fully 500 miles from the place where the herder was killed. They had crossed the Rio Grande on the way. —San Francisco Call.

ALL OVER THE STATE

J. A. Hamblin, who has been for nearly ten years electrician for the Kennebec Light and Heat Company at Augusta, building the plant at the start and bringing it up to its present proportions, has accepted the position of general manager of the reorganized Waterville and Fairfield Railway and Light Company, which is to be largely improved, and put into first class condition. He will probably sever his connection with the Augusta company, and will then move to Waterville.

Mrs. G. H. Hemus and her husband, the Rev. G. H. Hemus, of Southern California, have been secured by the Pleasant street Methodist church of Waterville for a series of special services to be held in that church, commencing Sunday, Feb. 6, 1898. Mrs. Hemus is a preacher of great power, and with her husband, has had wonderful success. They are at present holding meetings in New York.

A Georgetown man discovered not long ago when he shelled a clam a black pearl as large as half a pea. The pearl has not been polished. It is coal black and if perfect in form might bring $20 or $25.

A new entry in the "meanest man" competition is reported from the northern part of Foxcroft. A man residing there has an old horse with half its teeth gone. Every night for the past week he has turned that horse loose and makes it graze in the neighbors' yards rather than feed it from the hay in his barn.

In looking over some papers that belonged to Andrew W. Tinkham, of North Monmouth, deceased, this record was found: 1794, first mail route through Winthrop from Portland to Wiscasset, via Gray, New Gloucester, Greene, Monmouth, Winthrop, Hallowell, Pittston, Pownalborough to Wiscasset. Matthew Blossom brought the mail to Winthrop, when Alden, who was postmaster at Winthrop, forwarded it to Wiscasset. Previous to about 1850, North Monmouth mail went to Winthrop. Good Cyrus Bishop was postmaster. Many times when a letter had been sent with a death mark on it, Mr. Bishop would hire a team and send a boy with it for miles. When Mr. Bishop was removed from the office, most of the people of Winthrop and other towns petitioned to have him retain the office, but no, Mr. Bishop was not a politician, nothing but a good, honest, accommodating, sensible Christian man.

The Maine Central and Grand Trunk are considering a new station, that will be a union station, at Yarmouth Junction. The plans for the new station have been submitted to the Grand Trunk authorities and they are considering them.

Edward Edson found the body of Hiram Gammon in his field at Naples, about two miles from Gammon's house, Monday. Gammon was 70 years old and wandered away from home 11 weeks ago. Persistent search for traces of the missing man had not revealed his whereabouts. Monday Edson started to go across his field to a wood lot and in an angle of a stone wall he found the body of Gammon.

Camden has a liquor war on hand. A few days ago a stranger claiming to sell door plates and numbers, put in an appearance there and appeared to be working very industriously at the business. The real nature of his visit there, however, has since cropped out, when some 25 liquor warrants sworn out by him were served. It appears that the stranger is in the employ of a detective agency.

The following patents have been granted to Maine people: H. H. Homer, Franklin, folding cradle; A. J. Q Knowlton, Camden, roller bushing for sheaves; J. S. Moody, Saco, spindle and bearing; W. C. Rand, Lewiston, mechanism for covering stamps.

There is rather a sad case on Manley street, Auburn. It is that of a widow and four little children, one of whom has been stricken down with scarlet fever. The house of course had to be quarantined, and the family in the lower part of the house got frightened and moved away, thus leaving the poor mother with her little brood to care for, the little one afflicted and to tend the rest as best she can.

The small coaster Clements, bound from an Eastern Maine port to Boston with a large cargo of wood, put into Portland Tuesday afternoon. The Clements sprung aleak Monday night and as her windlass was also out of gear the captain decided to put in there for repairs. The schooner was towed to Widgery's wharf, where an attempt was made Wednesday at low tide to stop the leak.

The trustees of Pennell Institute, Gray, have engaged for principal to fill the vacancy made by the resignation of W. B. Andrews, Mr. Edwin B. Stevens, a native of Auburn and a graduate of Edward Little high school and Tufts College. Mr. Stevens was recently principal of the high school in Lunenburg, Mass. Mr. Stevens was selected by the trustees for this position from about fifty applicants, many of whom came very highly recommended.

There was an insane lady taken to Augusta recently, who became insane in a most peculiar way. A relative died who possessed some property, and the young lady, it was thought, would receive about $40,000, but in some way another relative received the whole. This unbalanced the unfortunate lady's mind and it was necessary to take her to the hospital. On the way she said the gentleman accompanying her was President McKinley and they were on their way to the White House, where the whole matter was to be adjusted and she would have her rights.

Some one down in Warren predicted 36 snow storms this winter and now takes occasion to remark that three have fallen already, as if that assured the correctness of his prophecy.

The State fish and game commissioners will move into their new quarters, which will be in the room underneath the land office, some time next week. This room has been used heretofore by the adjutant general as a store room. The articles that have been stored away there are being moved into the room formerly occupied by the carpenter, who will in the future occupy the new building, west of the State House. The game commissioners' office will be appropriately fitted and will be much better for them than it now is to occupy the same office with the land agent.

City Marshal Call, of Waterville, has recovered the team stolen from Fremont Garland, of Winslow, Saturday night. The city marshal found the team about four miles beyond China village, where it had been left by the party who took it.

At the Portland Stoneware Company's Works, Monday, while workmen were engaged carting clay to the cellar preparatory to its being passed through the "hurdy gurdy," where it is ground to a pasty mass, one of the employes picked out of a load a piece of dynamite about six inches long. It had been brought there in a cargo of clay and probably had been placed in the bank where the clay was taken out and had not been exploded. Had it not been discovered when it was a very serious accident might have resulted, perhaps attended with loss of life.

Monday evening from 8 to 10 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Burnham celebrated the 50th anniversary of their marriage at their home, 463 Forest avenue, Deering. Mr. Burnham and his wife were each born in the vicinity of Bridgton. Mrs. Burnham is 74 years of age and Mr. Burnham is 78 years. They were married in 1847 and after a long residence in the vicinity of Bridgton they removed to Portland, where they resided nearly 19 years. About six years ago they removed to Deering, to the house in which they now live.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Posts have been set up on either side near the crossings on the M. C. R. R., called snow signs and will be a signal to lift the flang digger on approaching the crossing.

The regular meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. parlors. All are cordially invited. The State Minutes have been received and will be ready for all who desire them.

A man got on an electric car the other day. The conductor came along and the passenger gave him his fare, asking at the same time: "Do you ever give trading stamps?" The conductor afterward remarked that that gag was being worked to death on him. He said he heard it several times in the course of a day.

An old sea captain was asked how vessels received their names, that is, who had the naming of them. The captain replied: "Well, if you want to buy the bunting you can probably name the vessel after yourself if you want to. It used to be the custom and is now to a large extent to give this privilege to the person who will buy the flags or bunting. During war times bunting was high and it cost about $60 to do it. There are three flags to be purchased, the Union jack, burgee and ensign. Today it costs about $30 to supply the flags for a schooner."

A GOLD DEPOSIT.

Newfield Lady Richer by Over $10,000 Found in a Bank.

Treasurer Perkins, of the Somersworth Savings Bank, recently turned over to John Bennett, of Parsonsfield, administrator of the estate of Samuel Lord, late of Parsonsfield, the sum of $10,667.87, of which sum $8,667.87 was interest which had accumulated on an original deposit of $2,000 during a period of 36 years.

There is rather an interesting story connected with this deposit, says the Portland Argus. A man named Samuel Lord made two deposits at the above named bank, one on Oct. 12, 1861, of $1,000 and the other of $1,000 on May 5, 1862. He signed the book agreeing to the by-laws as holder of deposit-book No. 4,558. The bank officials lost trace of him after this, for the reason that he never came to make more deposits, or even to draw the interest that had accrued. So the account kept on drawing interest year after year, until it had increased in amount five-fold, nobody appearing to claim it.

Some time ago John Bennett, of Parsonsfield, noticed the publication of the deposit as unclaimed, and came to the conclusion that it belonged to the estate of Samuel Lord, of Parsonsfield. In behalf of the heir to the estate he began to look into this matter and felt thoroughly convinced that the deposit was really made by that Samuel Lord. Therefore he instituted friendly proceedings in court to ascertain the ownership. The deposit book was lost, and the bank was not justified in paying it over without either the presentation of the book, or an order from the court.

Considerable evidence was introduced in the hearing. Experts testified as to the signature on the books of the bank, their opinion being that it was Lord's. It was shown that at about the time of the last deposit Mr. Lord, who made clothing for Boston parties, went to Boston in company with the late B. F. Taylor, of Effingham, to collect some money for work; that when Mr. Taylor returned home his wife asked where Mr. Lord was and he (Taylor) told her that Lord had stopped over at Somersworth to do some bank business.

Lord died in November, 1862, about six months after his last deposit, and as no bank book could be found the money was not called for until recently. The court was satisfied that this was the Mr. Lord to whose estate the deposit belonged and so Judge Clark issued a decree for the bank to pay it over to Bennett, deducting reasonable expenses, Bennett to give a bond of not less than $11,000 to the bank to secure it from all loss by reason of the payment. This Mr. Bennett did. The heir to the property is Mrs. Lucy S. Towle, of Newfield, Mr. Lord's granddaughter.

Earned His Annual Treat.

"As long as my employer lives," said the big workman, "I'm sure of just as fine a dinner for Thanksgiving as the market affords."

"Invited to his house?"

"No, of course not. He has too much sense to set me down to a table with a lot of the upper crust. I'd feel like crawling under the board and could no more eat than if I was gagged and handcuffed. He sends the stuff to the house and we never get it all closed out much before Christmas."

"Does he treat all his men that way?"

"Couldn't afford it. He has hundreds of them, you know. But me and him had what he calls an escapade a good many years ago. You know I was a coachman for old Grinder. He had a daughter, the prettiest woman in the State and with spirit enough to lead an army. My present boss fell in love with her and she with him. Grinder fairly kicked the roof off the house and told me to do the same with the young boss if ever I caught him on the premises. But, to begin with, I'd do anything on earth for my young mistress. Then I was in love with her maid and she told me mighty plain that if I took sides with old Grinder against his daughter I'd have to go away from home to do my courtin'. It was a warm Thanksgiving day when the young folks planned to elope. The mistress wanted me to drive them but I told her in a meanin' way like, that I better drive the old gentleman when he took up the chase. She saw the point and told me not to hurt him serious.

"Sure enough, when Grinder heard the girl had slipped away after dinner he was a cyclone. Away he went in a light buggy with a fast horse. On the creek bottom road I managed an upset and dragged him through slush and mud for a quarter of a mile. He was mad enough to murder some one but he was too proud to own he was beaten, so he forgave the young folks and set the boss up in business."—Detroit Free Press.

The Atlantic Monthly.

The opening article in the December Atlantic is by Paul Leicester Ford, who discusses the American Historical Novel. He makes an interesting statement of the portions of American history that our novelists have successfully illustrated and intimates to what extent our history lends itself to such treatment. A remarkable paper from the pen of Henry G. Chapman is entitled Belated Feudalism in America. It is an inquiry into the nature of American institutions and an estimate of how far they differ from those of all preceding social and political organizations. This paper, taken with the second installment of The Coming Literary Revival, by J. S. Tunison (who makes a guess as to what is the lasting work of our generation, and what the scope of the next great poet's work will be), form an interesting estimate of the past and future of American letters. Col. T. W. Higginson, several chapters of whose reminiscences have already appeared in the Atlantic, contributes the first of another series, telling of Literary London Twenty Years Ago. It is written in the author's happiest vein. Two short stories appear in this issue, both of which are of unusual quality. From a Mattress Grave, by I. Zangwill, is a pathetic story, half fiction, half fact, of the death of the poet Heine. The other, by Henry B. Fuller, entitled The Greatest of These, is an interesting story, the scene of which is laid in Sicily. Other features of this issue are another installment of the Unpublished Letters of Dean Swift, State Universities and Church Colleges, by F. W. Kelsey; further installments of F. Hopkinson Smith's serial, Caleb West and ... by Kate Douglas Wiggin ... Mifflin & Co., Boston.)



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Buys the entire stock of Ellis Bros. of New York at their Boston branch.

AT 20 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR!

THE LARGEST SINGLE PURCHASE EVER MADE BY A BANGOR MILLINER.

READ THIS LETTER.

November 24, 1897.

MESSRS. WOOD & EWER, Bangor, Me.

Dear Sir---On account of extensive alterations of our Boston branch, we are compelled to close our season much earlier than usual, so we have decided to accept your offer of 20 cents on the dollar for our entire stock of this season's goods. We send you by freight this day 36 cases of Hats and 200 boxes of Ostrich and Fancy Feathers. No doubt at the prices you can afford to sell these goods at. You will create lots of excitement in your city. Wishing you continued success,

Yours very respectfully,

ELLIS BROS., 120 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.



LET THE HOUSEWORK GO FOR AN HOUR OR SO TODAY AND COME. READY AT 9 A.M. THIRD FLOOR.

From this magnificent assortment of materials, at the prices which we shall be enabled to make on them, our expert milliners can fashion you Dainty and Beautiful Hats for actually less than it would cost you to have your old ones retrimmed and made over. TRY US AND SEE IF WE'RE NOT RIGHT.

THIS ENORMOUS PURCHASE HAS BEEN DIVIDED INTO SEVERAL LOTS, a few of which we mention below:

LOT 1.	LOT 2.	LOT 3.
50 and 75-ct. Feathers and Wings, 19c. A great assortment of fancy feathers and wings of every conceivable description—black and colors. Not one in the lot but what is worth from 50 to 75 cts. During this great sale our price 19 cts. The above price is not for a SINGLE wing, HALF a wing or a broken wing, but for a FULL PAIR, as, like blankets, they are always bought and sold by the pair.	$1.50 and $1.75 Birds at 49 cents. We shall offer a superb assortment of beautiful birds, never sold before for less than $1.50 to $1.75, at a price that will fairly make them fly, viz: 49 cts. each. $2.00 and $2.50 Birds at $1.00 each. This lot includes some of the most beautiful plumage ever shown in this city.	50 and 75-ct. Felt Hats at 29 cents. A big assortment of hats in both black and colors, very latest shapes, sold all this season at 50 cts. and 75 cts., for this great sale 29 cts. $1.50 and $2 Elegant French Fur Felt Hats, in all the very newest styles, black and colors in both large and close hats, and turbans, what we have sold all the season for $1.50 and $2.00, for this sale 98 cts. Another lot, same styles as above, sold at $1.00 to $1.25, for this sale 49 cts.

$1.00 and 1.25 Felt Walkers and Sailors, 39c. We offer our entire stock of new 1.00 and 1.25 Walkers and Sailors at the very lowest price ever quoted upon desirable goods of this kind, viz., - - - - 39c.

20 doz. Elegant Ostrich Plumes, brilliant black, never sold for less than 1.00, for this sale, - - - - - - 49c.

34 dozen beautiful Ostrich tips, 3 in a bunch, brilliant black and finish, would be an extra value at 1.25 each. For this sale, per bunch. 59c.

200 Fancy WINGS and FEATHERS almost given away at Most of this lot would usually sell for from 25c. to 50c. - - 6c.

50 bunches beautiful Ostrich Tips in colors, 3 tips in bunch, suitable for Children's Hats, regular price 50c. to 75c. For this sale, per bunch, 29c.

Our entire stock of Children's All Wool Winter Tams, in all colors, usually sold for 37½c. to 50c. For this great sale. - - 19c.

RIBBONS We can ribbon the town with our immense stock of Ribbons--Variety never so great. Prices never so low.

100 pieces Fancy Ribbons in Roman Stripes and Plaids, our regular 25c. and 37c. quality, at (for this sale) - - - 19c. A YARD.

Broken lots of Fancy Ribbons, suitable for bows, trimmings and fancy work, usually sold for 15c. to 25c., at (for this sale) - 9c. YARD.

1 lot Baby Bonnets in colored silk, usually sold at 50c. to 1.00, your choice at - - - - - - - - - - 29c.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN STYLISH TRIMMED HATS, at $1.98, 2.98, 3.50, 4.50, 5.50 and upwards.

THE GREAT MILLINERY, CLOAK AND DRY GOODS HEADQUARTERS OF BANGOR.

"THE FASHION,"

THE GREAT MILLINERY, CLOAK AND DRY GOODS HEADQUARTERS OF BANGOR.

Wood & Ewer.

October from Cadiz for St. Johns, Newfoundland. The Elite was waterlogged and abandoned and was in the steamship lane. Her foremast was gone at the deck and her mainmast was broken off about five feet below the head. A boat's crew from the Veendam boarded the derelict. They decided that she had been abandoned in a hurry. The officer in charge of the boat's crew set the wreck afire, as it was a menace to navigation. It was burning brightly when the Veendam stood on her course.

An account of the rescue of the crew of the Elite appeared in THE WHIG Wednesday morning.

Won on a Bluff.

"That case in Maine recalls an incident in my own experience," said the lawyer who profits largely upon the matrimonial troubles of others. "There was a rich widow living in the town where I began practice and after her weeds were discarded she was given over to the lighter ways of society. She was especially prone to flirtation at her favorite summer resort and her engagements there were held as lightly as those of the veriest summer girl. Her return home from a summer of unusual brilliance was followed in a short time by a respectable looking gentleman of 60 who showed his business qualities by walking into my office and putting down a handsome retainer before talking business.

"'Now, sir,' he stated with admirable directness, 'I want you to begin a $50,000 suit against this wealthy widow. She gave me an unqualified promise of marriage and now refuses to make it good. Men have hearts to break and pride to humiliate, just as women have, and I propose to strike a blow for my sex.'

"'Would you ...

"The widow stormed and fumed and then capitulated. She couldn't face the prospect of having her foolish flirtation blazoned before the public. After she had wedded again and gone abroad my client made this admission to me: 'I was never engaged to that widow and had she proposed to settle by marrying me I would have run. I took chances on her forgetting just whom she did promise to marry and I won.'"—Detroit Free Press.

The First Cabs.

Like the buses, cabs were introduced from Paris, but some ten years earlier, or, say, about 1820. Although its type was not at all settled, the cabriolet was a little, hoodshaped vehicle, quite above its axle, and therefore very high and difficult to get into. It was only intended to carry one passenger, though two slim ones who did not mind squeezing could generally manage to find room. The driver sat on a little shelf or perch on the right hand side, quite outside the body of the machine. This was an English innovation. In Paris driver and fare shared the same seat, and this was continued here for private cabriolets.

The ingenious Mr. Joseph Hansom, who was an architect of Hinckley, Leicestershire, however, bethought him in 1834 that if he used larger wheels and suspended the body of the cab between them, the vehicle would hold two easily, or three at a pinch, would balance better, be easier to draw, and safer if the horse fell. Further improved by putting the driver behind and the axle under the seat, the invention soon made its way, and by the ... was as much the ... as it is today. The original patent is dated Dec. 23, 1834. ...

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Kindling, Stove and Open Fire

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Of All Kinds, Absolutely Dry.

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Treats exclusively diseases of the

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

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HOLDS ITS GROUND.

This is Testimony from Everywhere as Well as From Bangor.

Can this be so? Is it true? Are the facts garbled? Is the truth distorted? These are questions which every man and woman in Bangor suffering the torture of backache ask as they read the published accounts in newspapers about medicines which claim to cure it. Whatever the conclusions arrived at touching the truth of these cures are he can't hedge or flinch from or disprove the following, for it took place in Bangor and the experiences are those of a representative citizen.

Mr. A. F. Lee of No. 4 Clinton street says: "I endorse the claims made for Doan's Kidney Pills. I suffered constantly for six months with a dull, aching pain when I stooped or brought any extra strain on the back. A urinary difficulty or weakness accompanied this and in spite of all my efforts I could not get rid of it. Shortly after I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Asa Warren's drug store, both the pain and the urinary weakness left me, and as I took nothing else, to Doan's Kidney Pills I must give the credit. I am only too pleased to recommend such a valuable remedy."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's, and take no substitute.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

M. M. R. A. C.

Stated Convocation Mt. Moriah R. A. Chapter, THURSDAY EVENING at 7.30 at Masonic Hall.

Per order.

Soda Water In Siphons

It often happens that soda water is wanted in the sick room. We have it---made from pure spring water and warranted free from all injurious ingredients. Put up in siphon-bottles for convenient handling.

All orders will receive prompt attention.

CALDWELL SWEET,

26 MAIN STREET.

For Life Insurance

WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND THE

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THE OLDEST COMPANY IN THE COUNTRY

Rates Low. Dividends Sure. All Claims Promptly Paid.

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WALTER A. DANFORTH, Solicitor.

Our Banking Hours 9 to 1 and 2 to 5 are of Especial Convenience to Depositors and Renters of Boxes.

MERRILL & CO. BANKERS,

Offer TO DEPOSITORS,

Every possible facility for the handling of accounts.

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Absolute protection, fire proof and burglar proof in their Bangor Safe Deposit Vaults.

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The best securities for investment

All Business Strictly Confidential.

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Insure The Safety

of your valuable papers, etc., by renting a Deposit Box at a small cost in the burglar proof and fire proof Safe Deposit Vaults of

EASTERN TRUST & BANKING CO.

LIFE INSURANCE AT A LOW RATE.

For 50 cents you can purchase one of our LUNG PROTECTORS. Prevents colds. Insures your health. If you have already got a cold take

No. 30 Cold in the Head. 25 Cents.

Easy to take. Cures in a day.

THE EAST SIDE PHARMACY CO.

Cor. State and Harlow Sts.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The steamer Cimbria went to Bucksport on Wednesday to be hauled out for the winter.

A woman's black belt found in the street last evening awaits an owner at the police station.

Mrs. Harry Landers, of Jefferson street, met with an unfortunate accident yesterday by slipping on the ice, breaking her leg.

The new cars of the Bangor, Hampden and Winterport line have been furnished with electric heaters and are very comfortable. In a few days the express business between Bangor and Hampden will be opened.

The funeral services of John L. Triggs were held from his late residence on Valley avenue Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. J. M. Frost, of Grace church, officiated, and Mr. Abel Hunt had charge of the funeral. The services were largely attended.

The fire alarm from box 18 last evening was for a slight blaze in the store of John Fleming on Hancock street, where a lamp exploded. The services of the department were not needed as the blaze was quickly extinguished. It is just as well to learn if the firemen are needed before pulling in an alarm.

General Passenger Agent G. M. Houghton, of the Bangor and Aroostook railroad, has not yet received the full returns of the amount of game secured along the B. & A. during the month of November, but the record will show over 1,000 deer, which beats that of November of last year by a considerable margin.

In the Municipal Court on Wednesday, James W. Smart, of Passadumkeag, was arraigned on a charge of cheating by false pretences or of obtaining from John White, of Levant, $500. Smart pleaded not guilty. Judge Vose bound him over to the February court in bonds of $300, which were furnished. It was alleged that Smart obtained the money by giving as security encumbered property.

On Wednesday in the Y. M. C. A. lecture room goods of the late R. G. A. Freeman were sold at auction by Pearl & Dennett, quite a large number being present. The articles included bric-a-brac, draperies, furniture, crockery and a collection of several hundred books, some of them old and valuable. There was a demand for the various articles about all of which were sold.

The next regular meeting of the Norumbega Club will be held in its new room, Committee Room, Number 2, at City Hall, on Friday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. For the convenience of the members, who live some on one side of the city and some on the other, this room has been engaged for the winter as more centrally located for all, and all club meetings for this year will be held there.

The steamer City of Bangor made her last trip of the season to Bangor yesterday and upon her return to Boston will be hauled off. Capt. Otis Ingraham will then take a vacation and rest after which he will probably divide time in running on the route with the other captains. During the season, which began April 12th, the City of Bangor made 182 trips—a fine record—with entire success in every way.

Considerable game came to Bangor on Wednesday. William L. Rice, of Cleveland, O., came from Ashland with a moose. He hunted on Township No. 11, Range 9. George F. Fiske, of Cambridge, Mass., also had a moose. Mr. Fiske shot his game at Round Mountain in the region around Ashland. J. W. Prescott, of Belfast, had a deer and one saddle from Millinocket, and A. J. Sanders, of Bangor, brought down a deer from Katahdin Iron Works.

Special orders No. 98 have been issued from the headquarters of the Maine National Guard, through Adjutant Frank B. Cummings, of Bangor, for an election to fill the vacancy of First Lieutenant, caused by the resignation of First Lieutenant Charles L. Witham, of Co. H., Second Regiment, and any other vacancies that may be caused by such election at the company's armory in Waterville on December 6, at 8 p. m. Capt. A. T. Shurtleff will preside at the election.

When the Steamer City of Bangor came into port on Wednesday, her flags were at half mast in honor of the memory of Thomas H. Bennett, long in the service of the Boston & Bangor Steamship Company, who died at his home in East Boston on Monday. In 1867 he entered the company's employ as an oiler and afterwards became chief engineer of the steamer Lewiston. He was third engineer with Chief Engineer Hathorn. Mr. Bennett was very efficient in the performance of his duties and was very much liked by all who knew him. He was a member of Oriental Lodge, of Odd Fellows, of Bangor. He leaves a wife and six children to mourn his loss. Among the floral offerings at the funeral were a broken column from the employes of the company and an anchor from President W. H. Hill.

The fire commissioners have given instructions to the Public Works Company for the protection of firemen from danger in live wires. The firemen have been hampered in their work by heavily charged electrical wires, which ran in and out of burning buildings and stood as a menace to the lives of all the men. The commissioners have notified the Public Works Company that protection must be given the firemen. The company has accordingly set up in its station, on Baptist hill, an indicator similar to that in the fire stations, and upon which the number of every alarm box in the city appears when rung in. The company's men will watch this indicator for alarms and cut out all the wires in the circuit and surrounding the district in which the fire is occurring. The wires must not again be electrified without a special signal from the chief of the fire department.

MRS. HELEN C. STAFFORD'S

Curative Physical Culture class meets daily at 2 P. M., at Parlor 119, Bangor House. Consultation free from 10 to 12 A. M.

WHAT IS LIFE INSURANCE?

It is a provision made by a thoughtful man for the financial protection of his family after his death.

As an ENDOWMENT, it is an accumulated fund that can be used when old age comes upon a man and ends his productive work.

This insurance is offered by

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.

H. N. FAIRBANKS,

GEN. AGENT,

47 Main St., Bangor, Me.

-COAL-

BEST GRADES

THE LOYAL LEGION.

Stated Meeting of the Maine Commandery in Bangor.

Gathering of Gallant Officers Who Wore the Blue in the War.

Business Session Followed by a Banquet at the Bangor House.

Very Interesting and Valuable Paper by Major H. S. Burrage.

Stirring Remarks by Many of the Companions Present.

The Maine Commandery of the Loyal Legion again favored Bangor with its presence on Wednesday, when one of its stated meetings was held at the Bangor House with many distinguished and honored men who wore the blue in attendance. The army of 1861-5 was represented by the companions of the Loyal Legion and the army of the present day by two of its regulars, Lieut. Mark L. Hersey, now stationed in Nebraska, formerly military instructor at the University of Maine, and Lieut. H. N. Royden, present instructor.

A business session was held beginning at 6.30. The following were elected to membership:

Thomas Clark.

Sergeant Co. G, 11th Maine Vol. Infantry, Oct. 14, 1861; First Sergeant, April 28, 1863; Second Lieutenant, Co. F, July 21, 1864; First Lieutenant, Co. H, Dec. 17, 1864; Captain, Co. F, May 1, 1865. Served in Virginia in the Fourth Army Corps, in the Peninsular Campaign, in 1862; in North Carolina and South Carolina in the Department of the South in 1863; in the Tenth Army Corps in Virginia in 1864; in the Twenty-fourth Army Corps in front of Richmond in 1865; after Lee's surrender was in command of the sub-district of the Rappahannock until Dec. 4, 1865, and then was made Provost Marshal and Assistant Superintendent of Freedmen for Orange County, in which position he remained until he was mustered out, Feb. 2, 1866.

Benjamin Melvin Redlon.

Second lieutenant, Co. C, 1st Maine Vol. Infantry, May 3, 1861; mustered out of service with regiment Aug. 5, 1861; first lieutenant, Co. C, 10th Maine Vol. Infantry, Oct. 4, 1861; mustered out of service with regiment May 8, 1863; captain, Co. B, 29th Maine Vol. Infantry, Dec. 29, 1863; brevet major, U. S. V., March 13, 1865; mustered out of service June 21, 1866. Served with the First Maine in the defenses of Washington; with the 10th Maine in the Second and Twelfth Corps, Army of the Potomac, in Maryland and Virginia; with the 29th Maine in the Nineteenth Army Corps in Louisiana and Virginia; subsequently, after the close of the war, in Georgia and South Carolina.

A memorial concerning the late Maj. Edward I. Merrill was adopted.

The memorial states that Edward Ilsley Merrill, who died at Farmington, Me., Sept. 26, 1897, was born in Freeport June 15, 1826. He went to Farmington in 1848 and engaged in business until July, 1862, when he enlisted as captain of Co. G., 17th regiment of Maine. On arrival in Washington he was placed in command of Fort Dupont near that city. Soon after the regiment joined the Army of the Potomac. In the battle of Chancellorsville he was seriously wounded and rendered unfit for further active service in the field. He was assigned to duty on a Court Martial, then to the command of U. S. Draft Rendezvous at New Haven, Ct., until his discharge in 1865. He was breveted major of Volunteers March 13, 1865. On his return home he was elected to various high offices, fulfilling every public duty well. He was a brave soldier, public spirited citizen, devoted husband and father. The Commandery extends its deepest sympathy to the bereaved family.

Soon after 8 o'clock the companions marched to the dining room and prepared to partake of the banquet. The following were present:

Augustus B. Farnham, Lieut. Col., 16th Me.
H. C. Vaughn, Capt. 24th Me.
William Rogers, Ensign, U. S. N., Bar Harbor.
H. H. Shaw, 1st Lieut., 1st Maine Heavy Artillery.
S. C. Gordon, Surgeon, 1st La. Infantry.
Edward Moore, 17th Me. Regiment.
F. M. Drew, 10th Me. Regiment.
A. C. Hamlin, Lieut. Col., U. S. A. Staff.
D. L. Warren, Lieut. 16th Me. Vols.
S. Clifford Belcher, Maj. 16th Me. Vols.
Charles Hamlin, Adj Gen. U. S. Vols., 2d Div., 3d Corps.
William H. Green, Brevt. Maj., 17th Me. Regt., Vols.
Geo. W. Verrill, Capt., 17th Me. Regt.
Nathaniel Lord, Bangor.
Wilson Crosby, Lieut. 14th Me. Vols.
John T. Gilman, Capt. Co. B, 22d Me.
Frank A. Garnsey, Capt. Co. H, 2d Me.
Maj. H. S. Burrage, Portland.
H. N. Fairbanks, Bangor.
A. W. Swett, Surgeon, Bangor.
E. Parsons, Maj., 19th Me., Oakland, Me.
H. E. Nickerson, 1st Lieut., 19th, Me., Swanville, Me.
C. H. Sawyer, Act. Ensign, U. S. Navy.
William Z. Clayton, 1st Maine Battery, Bangor.
H. R. Virgin, member of 2nd class, Portland.
A. W. Whitmarsh, 29th Maine Regiment.
Hebron Mayhew, 10th Maine Regiment.
Henry E. Sellers, 1st Maine Heavy Artillery, Bangor.
Wainwright Cushing, 2d Lieut., 1st Maine, Foxcroft.
J. W. Thompson, Capt., 12th Maine Vols.
John S. Sewall, Chaplain, 8th Mass. V. H.
E. A. Thompson, Surgeon, 12th Regiment, Me. Vols.
H. N. Royden, 2nd Lieut., 23rd U. S. Infantry, Orono, Me.
J. L. Chamberlain, Brevt. Major Gen., U. S. V., Brunswick.
C. W. Tilden, Corp., 16th Maine Infantry.
Selden Connor, Brig. Gen of Vols., Augusta.
Mark L. Hersey, 1st Lieut., U. S. Inf., Fort Niobrara, Neb.
A. E. Fernald, Capt., Winterport.
Elton W. Ware, Bangor.
E. A. Butler, U. S. N., Rockland.
Henry E. Alvord, Washington, D. C.
A. K. Small, Oakland.
E. E. Rowell, Hallowell.
John T. Richards, Gardiner.

The menu was a choice and substantial one and did great credit to the strongly established reputation of Landlords Chapman for excellence in cookery and efficiency in serving. It was fully appreciated. Head Waiter Biggins and his well trained corps of waiters attended to the wants of the guests with highly satisfactory results.

Post Prandial Exercises.

The post prandial exercises were opened at a quarter before 10 by Gen. C. W. Tilden, of Hallowell, the senior officer present, in the absence of Commander S. H. Allen, who, in a few pleasant and appropriate remarks, introduced Maj. H. S. Burrage, of Portland, who read a very interesting paper upon an army reminiscence, how he recovered his sword, which was heard with the most appreciative attention by the members of the commandery.

Maj. H. S. Burrage's Paper.

Maj. Burrage at the outset stated the circumstances under which he was captured at Petersburg, Va., [illegible] attempting to send this paper to the Confederate lines in the afternoon he was captured. The sword which he carried, and which was captured at the same time he was captured, was one which Maj. Burrage said he especially valued, as it was the sword which he held in his hand at the time he was wounded June 3, 1864, at the battle of Cold Harbor. The blood stains on the scabbard were not removed at the time, and when later they were discovered he allowed them to remain as a memorial of a day that would have to him life-long memories.

This was the sword that was taken from him at Petersburg. Believing that it would be restored to him and that he would be returned to his own line as soon as he reached an officer of higher rank than the one that made the capture on the picket line, Maj. Burrage took the name of this officer, Capt. James A. Summers, Co. A, 33d North Carolina Troops. As it was finally determined on the part of the Confederates to hold Maj. Burrage as a prisoner, the Major's expectation of a release was not realized and consequently he did not recover his sword at that time. Roger A. Pryor was two or three weeks later captured in retaliation for Maj. Burrage's capture and negotiations were entered into by the Confederates for a mutual release, but before this could be effected Maj. Burrage was beyond the reach of his sword.

The suggestion of a possibility of recovering this sword at this late day, Maj. Burrage said, came from an announcement in a Boston paper in May last that some one in South Carolina had offered to restore the sword of Maj. William H. Hodgkins. Maj. Hodgkins subsequently received his sword, and Maj. Burrage at once turned his attention to the recovery of his own sword. First of all he wrote to Hon. Daniel L. Russell, Governor of North Carolina, stating the circumstances under which he lost the sword, and asking if he could give the address of Capt. Summers. Gov. Russell caused the letter to be published in North Carolina papers. The Landmark, published at Statesville, in a few days made the announcement that Capt. Summers was living in Middlesborough, Ky., and June 19, a letter from F. D. Goodwin, Esq., appeared in the Bangor Commercial saying that he had talked with Capt. Summers and had learned from him that he was not allowed to keep Maj. Burrage's sword—that another officer, by the name of Teague, claimed the sword and that a commission appointed to decide the matter gave the sword to Teague.

This was Lieut. R. H. Teague, Company K, 7th North Carolina Regiment. Maj. Burrage at length ascertained that Lieut. Teague had been dead several years, and letters to members of his family brought no response. The prospect for the recovery of the sword did not seem very bright at this time. It was not long, however, before a letter appeared in The Landmark, which revived hope concerning the matter. The letter was dated Mansfield, Texas, and was written by Mr. W. A. Pool, a brother of Capt. N. A. Pool, of Co. K, 7th North Carolina troops. Mr. Pool said that his brother, on account of rheumatism, was unable to write, and had been confined to his room two years. He well remembered the circumstances attending Maj. Burrage's capture, and also the circumstances under which Lieut. Teague obtained possession of the sword, as he was an officer in the same regiment.

After the war Lieut. Teague fell into debt to him in a business transaction, and Lieut. Teague finding himself unable to pay the debt asked Capt. Pool to take the sword which he had captured with the Federal officer at Petersburg. This Capt. Pool did, and later removed from North Carolina to Belton, Cass Co., Missouri. There a Masonic Lodge was organized in which Capt. Pool was interested, and he gave this sword to the lodge for the tyler's use. Capt. Pool removed from Belton to Texas in 1874, and he had not heard anything concerning the sword since.

The search for the sword was at once resumed. Maj. Burrage wrote to the secretary of the Belton Lodge, and inclosed a copy of Mr. Pool's letter. He also secured some helpful words from Hon. Josiah H. Drummond. The secretary replied that the sword was still in possession of the lodge and that he would lay the communication he had received before the lodge at its first meeting. This he did and the members of the lodge satisfied that the sword in their possession was the missing sword, unanimously voted to restore it, and word was sent to Maj. Burrage that it awaited his order. It reached him September 14th, a little more than three months after Maj. Burrage entered upon the search.

The interest with which Maj. Burrage removed the wrapper and once more took the sword in his hands can easily be imagined. There was no doubt as to the identity of the sword. The blood stains on the scabbard are still there. The tyler of Belton lodge had spent no time in polishing its brass mountings.

The correspondence which came into Maj. Burrage's hands in his search for the sword was very interesting, and attests the disappearance of the war-time feeling on the part of those who wore the gray in that long and bloody conflict. Only the kindliest expressions of interest and good will came from those who were on the other side, affording delightful evidence that the bitterness of the past is no longer felt, and that the men who fought the battles of the South a generation ago recognize the fraternal bond which unites us all as citizens of a common country.

A vote of thanks was extended to Maj. Burrage for his paper and it was requested that he furnish the commandery a copy and send a copy to the Southern Historical Society.

Some remarks were then indulged in, they being of a most interesting character. The first speaker was Gen. Joshua L. Chamberlain, of New York.

Gen. Chamberlain's Remarks.

Gen. Chamberlain said that the paper of the evening was not only an interesting one as a narrative but brought out some valuable historical points. It ought not only to be filed in the archives but to be made public. He referred to the zeal and exertions of Maj. Burrage in obtaining the sword, which the paper showed, and also the companionship of the men on the other side.

Gen. Chamberlain said that he took great pleasure in being present and the association with his comrades impressed him as a second youth. The spirit of loyalty to the flag might be enhanced by having made known among the people, of the country and the young people the history of his companions there.

Remarks of Lieut. M. L. Hersey, U. S. A.

The next speaker was Lieut. M. L. Hersey, U. S. A., who said that it was not the first time he had attended one of these banquets and had never left them without feeling inspired to try and worthily represent the United States Army.

Lieut. H. N. Royden's Remarks.

Lieut. Royden, U. S. A., spoke of the interest of the paper of Maj. Burrage and of the value of preserving such military records. The most important things can be obtained from the records of the war and hence the value of preserving such records. Lieut. Royden closed with a reference to his pleasure at being present.

Maj H. E. Alford's Remarks.

Maj. H. E. Alford, of Washington, said that the Commandery of the District of Columbia had a good representation of Maine men. He hoped that before long his commandery would have published records to exchange with the Maine commandery. It was a pleasure to him to meet there Gen. Richards, with whom he served in the army.

Maj Alford referred to the search for the sword of Col. Forbes, who has died within a month, the paper of the evening having reminded him of the incident. Maj. Alford told also of his return to Gen. Mosby of his commission, which was taken by the Union troops. Gen. Mosby had a great admiration for Gen. Grant and Gen. Grant put into office some forty or fifty of Mosby's men.

Remarks of Dr. A. C. Hamlin.

Dr. A. C. Hamlin said Major Burrage's paper had interested him very much, especially as he named Gen. Lane's brigade, which was formed of mountaineers, was one of the finest in the army and one of the bravest on both sides. Dr. Hamlin told an interesting story in this connection, concerning the capture of nine pickets by these men. Much surprise was manifested when it was found that not one of the pickets could speak the English language.

Remarks of Major H. H. Shaw.

Major H. H. Shaw said that he had observed that they had arrived at a place of relating incidents, and these young soldiers present are doubtless imagining our incidents theirs. The best influence of this organization was in creating a soldier instinct, the best safeguard of the United States.

Remarks of Gen. Richards.

Gen. Richards said that he was impressed with the remarks of Lieut. Royden concerning the accurate army reports which had enabled Maj. Burrage to trace his sword. Regarding the records of the Maine National Guard he felt indebted to his predecessor, Gen. Connor, for inaugurating a system which he was endeavoring to carry out. Previously the records had been very faulty. The Loyal Legion must be of increased value to the United States in preserving the archives and increasing patriotism. The unfurling of the flags over the school house is a step in the right direction.

Remarks of Gen. Charles Hamlin.

Gen. Hamlin said the best possible thing he could say was to emphasize the trend of the evening's services—that of perpetuating the records of personal achievements and incidents. Special pains should be taken to make out and revise the records of such services, personal though they may be.

He referred to an account of the success of Maj. Clayton in a book, upon which he came by chance, and to the remarkable memory of Maj. Clayton concerning some artillery. He also told of an incident of a Union colonel in Kentucky with the Ku Klux Klan.

Remarks of Col. A. B. Farnham.

Col. Farnham said he was highly pleased with Maj. Burrage's paper and it should be preserved. It had also afforded him great pleasure to see present ex-Gov. Chamberlain and to listen to him. He told an amusing story in closing.

Remarks of Prof. J. S. Sewall.

Prof. Sewall said in his service in Chinese waters he remembered what a joy it was to see incoming vessels unfurl the stars and stripes. He spoke of his service in the Eighth Massachusetts as chaplain and always felt thankful that he was enabled to get acquainted with the land branch of the service as well as the navy. He closed with an amusing story of Stonewall Jackson.

Remarks of Capt. H. N. Fairbanks.

Capt. Fairbanks said he had carefully preserved everything which had to do with his army experience and thought a great deal of them. He was fortunate enough once to be hit and he thought much of the hole in the cloth of his coat. He believed the flag and patriotism should be kept before the young. He spoke of the variance as to facts in southern histories of the war.

Thanks were extended Capt. H. E. Sellors for a letter of Gen. Longstreet.

Companions Seldon Connor, J. T. Richards and J. S. Sewall were appointed a committee on flag, a movement to co-operate with other loyal organizations to prevent any improper use or desecration of the flag.

La Grippe Cured

This modern malady has become dreaded not more for its direct fatality than for the weakness of body and mind it leaves behind it. Prolonged debility, permanent prostration, melancholy and suicide follow La Grippe. For this disease there is no remedy superior to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

"The best remedy for la grippe that I know of is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral."

REV. JOHN K. CHASE, South Hampton, N. H.

"My wife and five children were taken down with la grippe, while the disease was so widely prevalent. I dosed them with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and before using quite two bottles my family was restored to health. I know of several obstinate cases of the same complaint which were also cured by this remedy."

J. PARMINTER, Paoletta, Miss.

"I was cured of la grippe by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral."

C. S. THOMPSON, Pub. "Signal," West Farmington, O.

Our Own Folks and Other Folks.

Hon. E. A. Butler, of Rockland, is in the city.

Hon. J. F. Sprague, of Monson, is in the city.

Miss Frances True has gone to Boston for a visit.

Hon. Wainwright Cushing, of Foxcroft, is in the city.

Mr. W. M. Shaw, of Greenville, was in the city Wednesday.

Mrs. A. R. Devereaux, of Castine, is in Bangor for a few days.

Mr. Alfred Gates, of Lincoln Center, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. Charles J. Sheehan, traveling agent of the Clyde Steamship Company, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. C. A. Judkins, of Kineo, was in the city on business yesterday.

Hon. L. A. Emery, of Ellsworth, was at the Penobscot Exchange yesterday.

County Attorney Hinckley, of Bluehill, Hancock county, was in Bangor on Wednesday.

Judge F. D. Dearth, of the Dexter municipal court, was in the city on Wednesday.

Senator Hale passed through the city last night on his way to Washington to pass the winter.

Mrs. John D. Clifford and children, of Lewiston, joined Mr. Clifford in this city on Wednesday for a few days.

Mr. D. M. Crowley returned yesterday from Boston, where he has been several weeks for treatment for his eyes at the Carney Hospital.

Mrs. Jane Hamilton, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Henry Lord, at Ellsworth Falls for some time, is now visiting her son in this city.

Mr. Philip A. Fowler, of Worcester, Mass., a well known newspaper writer, who makes his headquarters at Kineo, is in the city at the Penobscot Exchange.

Mr. Frank B. Goodenow, of Boston, who came to this city to attend the Carpenter Goodenow wedding, left on the afternoon train Wednesday on his return to Boston.

Miss Mae Hopkins, who has been in charge of the Western Union telegraph office at the Maine Central station the past season, has finished her duties and will pass the winter in Boston.

The Misses Shepherd, of Castine, who were bridesmaids at the Carpenter-Goodenow wedding Tuesday night, left on the noon train Wednesday for a few days' visit in Portland, after which they will return to Castine.

Hon. B. B. Thatcher, of this city, and [illegible]

STATE DAIRY MEETING.

Exhibitions Arranged on Wednesday—Formal Opening Today.

The State dairy meeting will be formally opened this forenoon, to continue through Friday, at Y. M. C. A. Hall. On Wednesday the exhibitors of implements, apparatus and goods were busily engaged in arranging their exhibits in the hall, making quite a large and interesting display, which will be a profitable feature of the meeting.

R. B. Dunning & Co., of Bangor, exhibit the Stoddard churn, five sizes; Blanchard churn, three sizes; World's Fair churn, three sizes; Cylinder churn, three sizes; Dash churn, two sizes; cases of both round and square butter shipping boxes; butter worker; three styles of diary thermometer; eight styles of butter moulds; Wells & Richardson butter color; Blanchard butter color; butter carriers, four sizes; Small's calf feeder; butter tubs, four sizes.

A. L. & E. F. Goss, of Lewiston, have a large exhibit, including one of their refrigerating creamers, size No. 4, two of the Babcock milk-testing machines; swing churn; butter workers; the United States and American cream separators, the Stoddard barrel churn; patent straining milk pail and a collection of small articles used in the private dairy and in creamery work.

Kendall & Whitney, of Portland, exhibit the Stoddard and Blanchard's churns; butter, milk and cream carriers; glass and tin milk cans; butter tubs of various sizes; specimens of the Eclipse carrying can; different kinds of small churns for farm dairies, butter moulds and the Worcester dairy salt in bags of different sizes.

On the platform is a small power intended for a sheep, goat or dog, made by the St. Albans Foundry Machine Co., St. Albans, Vt. This is attached to a United States cream separator, and will be in operation each forenoon of the convention at 9 o'clock.

Secretary McKeen has received notice from several dairymen that they will exhibit butter and cheese and by this afternoon it is expected that this exhibition will be large. The butter will be scored by Mr. Orrin Douglass, of Boston.

A fine feature of the Worcester salt display is a big photograph of the large lighthouse made of bags of salt which was on exhibition at the Boston food fair. It represented Minot's light and was 36 feet high. It had a revolving top, attendants in uniform, and was a great feature of the fair. Throngs of people visited it and went into the revolving top. The photograph is also an object of interest.

Meeting of Board of Agriculture.

The Maine Board of Agriculture met last evening at the Penobscot Exchange. It was not the annual meeting, that taking place in January, but it was held to discuss various important subjects. All the members were present except Mr. B. F. Briggs, of Auburn, member for Androscoggin, who is ill. The new member for Aroostook county, Mr. Jonathan Benn, of Houlton, was present. He was elected by his county this week and succeeds Mr. J. W. Dudley, of Castle Hill, the present president of the board.

The principal discussion during last evening's meeting was on the workings of the law passed by the last legislature for inspection of feeds and seeds. It will be remembered that this law caused much discussion and no little interest before and after being considered and passed by the legislature. It is an important statute and Maine leads the union in this step, it being the first state to pass such a law, it is said. Feeds and seeds are now obliged to be tagged with the analysis.

Prof. Woods of the Maine Experimental Station and several inspectors spoke of the workings of the law. It was stated that the indications are that it is working well, that most dealers are willing to comply with the requirements and that the general sentiment is favorable. Before this law was passed the husks were ground in with cottonseed meal, for instance, but were easily detected by being black. Now, Prof. Woods states, the dealers have a method of treatment for the husks so that they become white and are ground in with the other and this adulteration cannot be detected except by analysis.

Secretary B. Walker McKeen told a WHIG representative that at the recent meeting at Rochester, N. H., of the State board of agriculture, where he delivered an address, dealers exhibited samples tagged in compliance with the Maine law and bearing the tax stamp. This is significant as showing the effect of the Maine law.

No prosecutions have yet been begun against dealers selling adulterated feeds or seeds, but the board will do so, intending to have the law strictly enforced. This will result in great benefit to the farmers.

The meeting will be opened this forenoon. All the proceedings of the convention will be of general interest, and the public is invited to attend. Today's programme is as follows:

Thursday.

9.30 a. m. Separators and milk testers at work.

10 a. m. Introductory exercises; address of welcome; response by Wm. H. Moody, of Liberty, vice-president of the board.

10.30 a. m. "Our Dairy Work for 1897, by G. M. Gowell, professor of animal industry at University of Maine, followed by a short talk, "The Dairy Outlook for 1898," by Secretary B. W. McKeen.

1.30 p. m. "State Aid for the Dairy Industry," by Major Henry E. Alvord, chief of the dairy division, U. S. Department of Agriculture. Discussion opened by Mr. J. M. Winslow, of Nobleboro, member of the board from Lincoln county.

7.30 p. m. Dairy experience meeting. Short practical talks by farmers and creamery men, with opening remarks by Mr. B. F. Briggs, of Auburn, member of the board from Androscoggin county, and Mr. E. E. Light, of Union, member of the board from Knox county.

First Case Under New Law.

In the Probate court before Judge Burgess, on Wednesday, was heard first case before this court under the the new law of 1895, bringing the custody of children before probate courts for a decision, from which, however, an appeal can be taken. It was the petition of Emma C. Redman, of Hampden, for the custody of her minor child, Alma B. Redman, three years of age. The motion that she be allowed the custody of the child was contested by the father, Walter I. Redman. The parents have separated. The court room was filled with numerous witnesses and spectators from Hampden and vicinity. Charles J. Hutchings, Esq., appeared for the mother, and P. H. Gillin, Esq., for the father. The case continued throughout the day.

The child has been in the custody of the mother for some time. After fully hearing the testimony and the arguments Judge Burgess announced a decision to the effect that the mother should have the custody of the child until a final decision should be made at a later period.

A GOOD CAPTURE.

Arrested Man Confessed to Burglary of Jackson & Co's Store.

On Wednesday Milford H. Smith, of Fredericton, N. B., confessed to the police that he entered the store of G. H. Jackson & Co., Garland street, Saturday night.

Officer Reagan saw Smith in a doorway next to D. C. Gould's harness shop on Kenduskeag bridge, acting suspiciously, and he held him up. Smith did not give a good account of himself and he was taken to the station. He was searched and six or seven burglar's keys and a screwdriver were found on him.

This was on Tuesday night.

Capt. Fahey went up to Jackson & Co.'s store to try the keys but found the lock had been changed at W. P. Dickey & Co.'s for a new one. He found, however, the keys would unlock a number of stores about town. It was found that Smith had lied to Capt. Fahey about stopping at the Rockaway House, not having been there since Nov. 23. Capt. Fahey reported the case to Chief Gilman before going off duty and after doing good work on the case.

Yesterday Deputy Bowen found Jackson & Co.'s old lock at Dickey's and found that one of the keys fitted it. Snuff and other goods from Jackson & Co.'s were found on Smith and he finally confessed to the burglary.

Smith has been in Houlton and Island Falls and has a sweetheart in Houlton, one "Mira," letters from whom were found on him.

Smith was held in $300 bonds for trial at a hearing yesterday afternoon and was sent to jail.

Officer Reagan made a happy hit by being alert and Capt. Fahey acted intelligently and well. The Chief and Deputy Bowen deserve much credit for this case.

THE TEMPERATURE

Atmospheric Conditions as Shown by Methodical Observations.

The following table gives the weather conditions as shown by the thermometer and barometer at Miller's pharmacy:

		Barometer	Thermometer
Dec. 1,	7 A. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]
	12 M.	[illegible]	[illegible]
	6 P. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Woman Suffrage Association.

The Maine Woman's Suffrage Association has been organized for nearly ten years and yet many intelligent readers have not been aware of its existence. The annual meeting to be held in Portland December 6 presents an attractive programme. All interested in equal suffrage are invited to attend. There will be reduced rates from Bangor, Waterville, Farmington, Lewiston and Dover, and from all places where there are auxiliary societies. Delegates will receive free entertainment. The officers are as follows:

Vice-president at large, Mrs. [illegible] L. O'Brien Cornish.

Directors, Rev. John A. Bellows, Mrs. H. H. Shaw, Dr. Jane L. Heesom, Miss Ella M. Adams, Mrs. Geo. C. Frye, all of Portland, and Mrs. S. F. Hamilton, Saco; Mrs. Mary Melcher, Cumberland Mills.

Honorary vice-presidents, Rev. Dr. Henry Blanchard, Mrs. S. E. Spring, Gen. Francis Fessenden, Portland; ex-Gov. Frederic Robie, Gorham; Mrs. Ann F. Greeley, Mrs. J. Weston, Hon. Andrew Hawes, Stroudwater, Mrs. Abby Peaslee, Auburn; Hon. J. B. Peaks, Dover; Hon. Joseph W. Symonds, Mrs. Geo. S. Hunt, Dr. F. H. Gerrish, Portland; Hon. Nelson Dingley, Hon. Thomas B. Reed; Mrs. C. A. Quimby, Augusta.

Wholesale Produce Market.

Corrected semi weekly by the Grocers' Association.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 1.

STATE LAW REGARDING WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

A bushel of Liverpool salt shall weigh 60 pounds, and a bushel of Turks Island salt shall weigh 70 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of potatoes, in good order and fit for shipping, is 60 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of beans in good order and fit for shipping, is 62 pounds. Of wheat, beets, ruta baga turnips and peas, 60 pounds, of corn, 56 pounds, of onions, 52 pounds, of carrots, English turnips, rye and Indian meal, 50 pounds, of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds, of oats, 32 pounds or even measure as by agreement.

Country Produce.

BEANS—	
Improved Yellow Eye, ⅌ bush	[illegible]
Pea, hand picked, ⅌ bush	[illegible]
BUTTER—	
Choice new rol., ⅌ lb	[illegible]
Fair to good	[illegible]
CHEESE—	
Best Factory, ⅌ lb (new)	[illegible]
Best Dairy, ⅌ lb (new)	[illegible]
DRIED APPLES—	
Choice strung, ⅌ lb	[illegible]
Choice sliced	[illegible]
EGGS—	
Fresh laid, ⅌ doz	[illegible]
HAY—	
Best loose, ⅌ ton	15 00
PEAS—	
Improved, ⅌ bush	[illegible]
Best Canada, whole	[illegible]
POTATOES—	
New, ⅌ bu	[illegible]
POULTRY—	
Chickens, Spring, ⅌ lb	15@20c
ONIONS—	
⅌ Barrel	[illegible]

Retail Prices Current

SALT—	
Bangor, ground, in boxes, ⅌ box	[illegible]
English butter salt in 14lb bags, ⅌ bag	[illegible]
In 56 lb bags	[illegible]
Liverpool, ⅌ bush	[illegible]
Turks Island	[illegible]
HERRING—	
English, scaled, in boxes, ⅌ box	[illegible]
RAISINS—	
Loose Muscatels, ⅌ lb	[illegible]
London layers	[illegible]
Sultana	[illegible]
CURRANTS—	
English, ⅌ lb	[illegible]
KEROSENE OIL—	
150 test, ⅌ gallon	[illegible]
VINEGAR—	
Pure cider, ⅌ gallon	[illegible]
Pure W W	[illegible]
OATS	[illegible]
FLOUR—	
Best Spring Haxall, ⅌ barrel	[illegible]
Best St. Louis	[illegible]
Good family	[illegible]
CORN—	
Full weight	[illegible]
CORN MEAL—	
50 lbs. to bushel	[illegible]
COTTON SEED MEAL—	
In sacks of 100 lbs	[illegible]
SHORTS—	
St Louis bran, in sacks	[illegible]
Spring wheat, ⅌ hundred	[illegible]
MIDDLINGS—	
Fine, ⅌ hundred	[illegible]
Coarse	[illegible]
GLUTEN MEAL	[illegible]
FEED FLOUR	[illegible]
WHEAT	[illegible]

Breadstuffs, Grain, etc.

OATMEAL—	
Best Scotch, per lb	[illegible]
Best Irish	[illegible]
Best Canada	[illegible]
RYE MEAL per lb	[illegible]
GRAHAM FLOUR	[illegible]
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR	[illegible]
SUGAR—	
Granulated, per lb	5½c
Extra	5¼c
PORK—	
Country clear, per lb	8c
Western	8c
LARD—	
Bulk, from tierces, per lb	8c
Home in pails	10c

Ladies, rough hands are a horror. Bathe them well at night in Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.

SPEAKING OF PIANOS!

When you buy a piano you want a good one at the lowest price. Andrews has the kind you want and his prices are right.

Watch his display windows for special bargains in music.

Andrews' Music House,

98 Main St.

THE DOCTOR'S ADVICE.

"I was taken with boils and carbuncles which appeared all over my body. A physician advised me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I did so and soon began to feel better. I am now entirely free from sores and boils. Since then I have had no return of the trouble." Ernest L. Ridley, Marlboro Depot, N. H.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED.

Fraternal [illegible]

Stillwater Commandery [illegible] Cross, [illegible] Bangor [illegible] 613, a visit [illegible] commander [illegible] four new members [illegible] applications to be acted [illegible] meeting. The [illegible] Maine, J. H. Hamlin [illegible] present and conferred [illegible] members, after which [illegible] made by the [illegible] members from [illegible] was presided over by [illegible] Stillwater. After [illegible] supper was served [illegible] gor Commandery [illegible] the order [illegible] has 137 commanderies [illegible]

Symphony [illegible]

Next Monday [illegible] the Pullen [illegible] given in City [illegible] follows [illegible]

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT [illegible]

DIED

[illegible]

SOME GIRLS LIKE DOLLS

[illegible]

J. D. GL[illegible]

62 66 State [illegible]

It's Easy To Start [illegible]

[illegible]

Birch Edgings, Birch Shavings, [illegible] and Spruce Edgings [illegible]

COAL. BACON & ROBINSON CO. WOOD.

Main Office [illegible] TEL [illegible]

To Cure Colds In One Day

BROMO QUININE TABLETS 25 cts

For Catarrh [illegible]

HYOMEI

Sold by C. A. FOWLER & CO.

A LOCAL Disease A Climatic Affection

Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure it. Get a well known pharmaceutical remedy

CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm

It is quickly Absorbed. Gives Relief at once. Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Cocaine, No Mercury, No Injurious drug. Full Size 50c; Trial Size 10c. at Druggists or by mail.

COLD IN HEAD

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St. [illegible]

COOMBS & SMITH WOOD CO.

Kindling, Stove and Open Fire [illegible]

WOOD

Of All Kinds, Absolutely Dry

P. H. COOMBS. [illegible]

Order at 17 Park Street

Yard, 222 Elm Street.

OFFICE FOR RENT

BY B[illegible]

WI[illegible] FRID[illegible]

ALF[illegible]

JAME[illegible]

The People's Popular Grocery Store,

DO Y[illegible] EAT[illegible] CHEE[illegible]

Our, [illegible] and rich. We a[illegible] Y. State P[illegible] When[illegible] Your succ[illegible] We a[illegible] Roquefort. Etc

Purcha[illegible]

Waterville, [illegible] Haines and [illegible] this city have [illegible] ary soldiers [illegible] Moosehead [illegible] tracted with [illegible] feet, all [illegible] was made fr[illegible] of Fairfield [illegible]

New[illegible]

Washington [illegible] seventy-four [illegible] class postmas[illegible] Sprague, at [illegible]

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